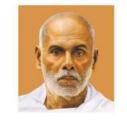


# Sree Narayana Guru College of Engineering & Technology



CHALAKKODE P.O., KOROM, PAYYANUR, KANNUR-670 307

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# Sree Narayana Guru College of Engineering & Technology

CHALAKKODE P.O., KOROM, PAYYANUR, KANNUR-670 307

# 2015 SCHEME

Course	Course Name	L-T-P-	Year of
Code		Credits	Introduction
CE309	WATER RESOURCES ENGINEERING	3-0-0-3	2016

Pre-requisite: NIL

# Course objectives

- To impart knowledge regarding the availability of water on hydrosphere, its distribution and quantification
- To convey the knowledge on the scientific methods for computing irrigation water requirements
- To communicate fundamental knowledge on reservoir engineering and river engineering

# Syllabus

Hydrologic cycle, Precipitation, Infiltration and Evaporation-measurement and data analysis. Runoff-components and computation, Hydrograph, Unit Hydrograph and S-Hydrograph. Irrigation types and methods-Soil water plant relationships, Frequency of irrigation, Computation of crop water requirement. Stream flow measurement -Stage-discharge curve. Meandering of rivers, river training works. Surface water systems: diversion and storage systems, reservoir - estimation of storage capacity and yield of reservoirs - reservoir sedimentation -useful life of reservoir. Groundwater - Aquifer types and properties - Steady radial flow into a well. Estimation of yield of an open well.

# **Expected Outcome**

After successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- i. Describe the hydrologic cycle and estimate the different components
- ii. Determine crop water requirements for design of irrigation systems
- iii. Compute the yield of aquifers and wells.
- iv. Know the features of various river training works
- v. Estimate the storage capacity of reservoirs and their useful life.

#### **Text Books:**

- Arora, K.R., "Irrigation, Water Power and Water Resources Engineering", Standard Publishers Distributors, New Delhi, 2009.
- 2. Garg S.K, Irrigation Engineering and Hydraulic Structures Khanna Publishers New Delhi 2006.
- Modi. P. N. Irrigation, Water Resources and Water Power Engineering, S.B.H Publishers and Distributors New Delhi 2009.
- 4. Punmia B.C. Ashok K Jain, Arun K Jain, B. B. L Pande, Irrigation and Water Power Engineering, Laxmi Publications (P) Ltd. 2010.

#### References:

- Asawa, G.L. Irrigation and Water Resources Engineering, New Age International, 2000
- 2. Ojha.C.S.P., R.Berndtsson, P. Bhunya, Engineering Hydrology, Oxford university Press, 2015.
- 3. Patra. K.C., Hydrology and Water Resources Engineering, CRC Press, 2010.
- 4. Sahasrabudhe S.R., Irrigation Engineering & Hydraulic Structures, S.K. Kataria & Sons, 2013.
- 5. Subramanya, K., Engineering Hydrology, Tata Mc Graw Hill, 2011
- 6. Todd D. K., Ground Water Hydrology, Wiley, 2005.
- Ven Te Chow, David R Maidment, L.W Mays., Applied Hydrology, McGraw Hill, 1988
- 8. Warren Viessman, G.L. Lewis, Introduction to Hydrology, Pearson Education, 2003.



Module	COURSE PLAN  Contents	Hours	Sem. Exam Marks
1	Hydrologic cycle-precipitation-mechanism, types and forms. Measurement of rainfall using rain gauges-optimum number of rain gauges. Estimation of missing precipitation. Representation of rainfall data-mass curve and hyetograph. Computation of mean precipitation over a catchment. Design rainfall - probable maximum rainfall. Infiltration-measurement by double ring infiltrometer. Horton's model. Evaporation-measurement by IMD land pan, control of evaporation.	8	15
п	Runoff-components of runoff-methods of estimation of runoff-infiltration indices, Hydrograph analysis-Hydrograph from isolated storm-Base flow separation. Unit hydrograph –uses. Assumptions and limitations of unit hydrograph theory. Computation of storm/flood hydrograph of different duration by method of superposition and by development of S– Hydrograph.	8	15
	FIRST INTERNAL EXAMINATION		
ш	Irrigation- Necessity, Benefits and ill effects. Types: flow and lift irrigation - perennial and inundation irrigation. Methods: flooding, furrow, sprinkler and drip irrigation (concepts only, no design aspects/problems), Soil water plant relationships, soil moisture constants, Computation of crop water requirement: depth and frequency of Irrigation, Duty and delta, relationship, variation of duty, factors. Computation of design discharge of conveyance channels, Irrigation efficiencies. Consumptive use of water: concept of Evapotranspiration. (No detailed discussion on estimation procedures)	6	15
IV	Stream flow measurement: methods, Estimation of stream flow by area velocity method only, Stage discharge curve. Meandering of rivers, River training – objectives and classification, description of river training works.	6	15
	SECOND INTERNAL EXAMINATION		
V	Surface Water system: diversion and storage systems, necessity. River flow: Flow duration Curve, Firm yield. Reservoirs-types of reservoirs, zones of storage reservoir, reservoir planning-storage capacity and yield of reservoirs-analytical method and mass curve method. Reservoir sedimentation: trap efficiency, methods for control. Computation of useful life of reservoir.	7	20
VI	Ground water: vertical distribution of groundwater, classification of saturated formation, water table, Aquifer properties: Porosity, Specific yield, specific retention, Types of aquifers. Darcy's law, co-efficient of permeability, Transmissibility. Wells- Steady radial flow into a fully penetrating well in Confined and Unconfined aquifers. Estimation of yield of an open well, pumping and recuperation tests. Tube wells – types.	7	20



# QUESTION PAPER PATTERN (End semester exam)

Maximum Marks:100

**Exam Duration: 3 Hrs** 

Part A -Module I & II : 2 questions out of 3 questions carrying 15 marks each

Part B - Module III & IV: 2 questions out of 3 questions carrying 15 marks each

Part C - Module V & VI: 2 questions out of 3 questions carrying 20 marks each

Note: 1. Each part should have at least one question from each module

2 Each question can have a maximum of 4 subdivisions (a, b, c, d)



Course Code	Course Name	L-T-P- Credits	Year of Introduction
CE371	<b>Environment and Pollution</b>	3-0-0-3	2016

Prerequisites: Nil

# Course objectives:

- To understand the various types of environmental and industrial pollution, pollutants, related diseases and their causes
- To impart the various management techniques available for pollution abatement

#### Syllabus

Pollution, Environmental and industrial, Types. Air pollution-sources, effects, types of pollutants. Water pollution, characteristics of water pollutants, water borne diseases, water quality standards. Solid wastes, sources, types, control methods, soil pollution, urbanization, land degradation, pesticide pollution. Noise pollution, sources, effects, control measures, industrial pollution, occupational health hazards, industrial hygiene

# **Expected Outcomes:**

- i. To have a basic knowledge of various pollution sources and their effects
- ii. To have an awareness of the various methods of prevention and reduction of pollutant

#### Text Books / References:

- B.C.Bhartia, Environmental Pollution and Control in Chemical Process Industries, Khanna Publishers, Delhi, 2001.
- 2. Danny D Reible, Fundamentals of Environmental Engineering, CRC Press, 1998
- 3. Gilbert M Masters, Wendell P Ela, Introduction to Environmental Engineering and Science, Pearson Education, 2007
- 4. Howard S Peavy, Donald R Rowe, George Tchobanoglous, Environmental Engineering, McGrawHill Education, 1984
- 5. Kurian Joseph & R.Nagendran, Essentials of Environmental Studies, Pearson Education (Singapore) Pvt.Ltd, New Delhi, 2004.
- 6. N.N Basak, Environmental Engineering, McGrawHill Education, Reprint 2015
- P.AarneVesiland, Introduction to Environmental Engineering, PWS publishing company Boston, 1997.
- 8. Suresh K Dhameja, Environmental Engineering and Management, S.K.Kataria& Sons, Delhi, 2010.

	COURSE PLAN		
Module	Contents	Hour s	Sem. Exam Marks
I	Environment-Introduction-Multidisciplinary Nature Components of Environment, Ecology, Ecosystem- Material Cycling- Carbon and Nitrogen cycles Introduction: Classification of Pollution and Pollutants of environment, Pollution related Diseases, Basic requirements for healthy environment	6/	15

II	Air Pollution: Primary and Secondary Pollutants, Industrial Pollution, Ambient Air Quality Standards, Types of air pollutants-sulfur dioxide, nitrogen dioxide, carbon monoxide, particulate matter. Effects of air pollutants on human, vegetation and environment	6	15
	FIRST INTERNAL EXAMINATION		
III	Water Pollution: Point and Non-point Source of Pollution, Major Pollutants of Water, Physical, chemical and biological characteristics of water, Water borne diseases, Water Quality standards	7	15
IV	Solid Waste: Classification of Solid Waste, Composition and Characteristics of Solid Waste, Plastic wastes; Segregation of Solid waste, recycling and reuse of solid wastes, E-waste: Sources of generation,.	7	15
	SECOND INTERNAL EXAMINATION	m <sup>2</sup>	
V	Land/Soil Pollution: Effects of urbanization on land degradation, Impact of Modern Agriculture on Soil, pesticide pollution, Effect on Environment and Life sustenance, Abatement measures	8	20
VI	Noise pollution: Sources of Noise, Effects of Noise, measurement of noise, Equivalent sound pressure level, Control measures	8	20
	END SEMESTER EXAMINATION		

# **QUESTION PAPER PATTERN (End semester examination)**

Maximum Marks:100

**Exam Duration: 3 Hrs** 

Part A -Module I & II : 2 questions out of 3 questions carrying 15 marks each

Part B - Module III & IV: 2 questions out of 3 questions carrying 15 marks each

Part C - Module V & VI: 2 questions out of 3 questions carrying 20 marks each

Note: 1. Each part should have at least one question from each module

2. Each question can have a maximum of 4 subdivisions (a,b,c,d)

2014

Course Code	Course Name	L-T-P- Credits	Year of Introduction
CE405	ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING- I	3-0-0-3	2016

# Pre-requisites: CE203 Fluid Mechanics -I

# Course objectives:

- To study the significance of water resources and the factors affecting the quality and quantity of water
- To study the various types of treatment techniques adopted for a public water supply system

# Syllabus:

Water sources, demand, factors, Quantity estimation, Population forecasting, Quality of water. Water treatment- Physical methods, Chemical methods. Design of sedimentation tank, flocculator, clariflocculator, filters, Membrane treatment techniques. Disinfection- methods. Distribution of water, Pumps, Hardy Cross method of analysis

# **Expected Outcomes:**

The students will

- i. become aware of the various pollutants affecting water quality
- ii. know about the different treatment units available in a water treatment plant and their design procedures

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. B.C Punmia, "Water Supply Engineering", Laxmi Publications Pvt. Ltd., 2016
- 2. G S Birdie, Water Supply and Engineering, Dhanapat Rai Publishing Company, 2014
- 3. P.N. Modi, "Water Supply Engineering", Standard Book House, NewDelhi
- 4. Peavy H S, Rowe, D.R. Tchobanaglous "Environmental Engineering" Mc GrawHill Education, 1984
- 5. S.K.Garg, "Water Supply Engineering", Khanna Publishers. 2010

# References

- 1. K N Dugal, Elements of Environmental Engineering, S Chand and Company Pvt Ltd, 2007
- Mackenzie L Davis, Introduction to Environmental Engineering, McGrawhill Education (India), 2012
- 3. Metcalf & Eddy, "Waste Water Engineering", Tata Mc Grawhill Publishing Co Ltd, 2003
- 4. P Venugopala Rao, Environmental Engineering, PHI Learning Pvt Ltd, 2002
- Subhash Verma, Varinder Kanwar, Siby John, Water supply Engineering, Vikash Publishing, 2015

	COURSE PLAN		
Module	Contents	Hours	Sem. Exam Marks %
I	Introduction of environment- sources of water supply-Water demand, quantification of water demand through population forecasting – Factors affecting consumption-Fluctuations in demand	View	15

п	Types of intakes-Conveyors, pumps and location of pumping station- Quality of water - Drinking water standards - Physical, chemical and biological analysis.	6	15
	FIRST INTERNAL EXAMINATION		
ш	Treatment of water-Theory and principles of Sedimentation tanks- Stoke's law-Types of settling (Type I & Type II only)-Coagulation- Mixing-Flocculation, Design of Sedimentation tanks (circular and rectangular)-Clariflocculators	7	15
IV	Filtration-Types of filters- Working and Design of Rapid and Slow sand filters. Loss of head in filters, Pressure filters	7	15
	SECOND INTERNAL EXAMINATION		
v	Disinfection of water - Methods, Chlorination-Types, Factors affecting - Chlorine demands. Miscellaneous treatment-Ion exchange, Lime-soda process, Electro dialysis - Colour, Taste and Odour removal-Adsorption-Aeration-Fluoridation-Defluoridation	7	20
VI	Lay out of water distribution network-Methods of distribution-Hardy cross method-Equivalent pipe method-Pipe appurtenances.	8	20
	END SEMESTER EXAMINATION		

# QUESTION PAPER PATTERN (End semester examination)

Maximum Marks:100

**Exam Duration: 3 Hrs** 

Part A -Module I & II : 2 questions out of 3 questions carrying 15 marks each

Part B - Module III & IV: 2 questions out of 3 questions carrying 15 marks each

Part C - Module V & VI: 2 questions out of 3 questions carrying 20 marks each

### Note:

1. Each part should have at least one question from each module

2. Each question can have a maximum of 4 subdivisions (a, b, c, d)

Course Code	Course Name	L-T-P- Credits	Year of Introduction
CE431	ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING LAB	0-0-3-1	2016

# Prerequisites: CE405 Environmental Engineering - I

# Course objectives:

· To equip the students in doing analysis of water and wastewater samples

# List of Experiments: (Minimu 10 experiments are mandatory)

- 1. To analyse the physical characteristics viz. colour, turbidity, and conductivity of a given water sample and to determine its suitability for drinking purposes
- To analyse the chemical characteristics of a given water sample viz. pH, acidity, alkalinity for assessing its potability
- 3. To analyse the chemical characteristics of a given water sample viz. chlorides and sulphates content to assess its suitability for drinking purposes and building construction
- 4. To determine the Dissolved Oxygen content of a given water sample for checking its potability
- 5. To determine the available chlorine in a sample of bleaching powder
- 6. To analyse the various types of solids in a given water sample
- 7. To determine the BOD of a given wastewater sample
- 8. To determine the COD of a given wastewater sample
- 9. To determine the optimum dosage of alum using Jar test
- 10. To determine the Nitrates / Phosphates in a water sample
- 11. To determine the iron content of a water sample
- 12. To determine the MPN content in a water sample and assess the suitability for potability

# **Expected outcome:**

• The students will be able to assess quality of water for various purposes

2014

Course	Course Name	L-T-P-	Year of
Code		Credits	Introduction
CE469	ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT	3-0-0-3	2016

Prerequisites: Nil

# Course objectives:

- To know the various types of environmental pollution
- To make aware the impact due to various types of pollutants and their assessment technique

**Syllabus**: Pollution, Types. Air pollution-sources, effects, types of pollutants. Water pollution, characteristics of water pollutants, Solid wastes, sources, types, soil pollution, pesticide pollution. Noise pollution, Impacts, positive and negative Environmental impact assessment, steps of doing EIA, methodology adopted, EIA procedure in India, Case studies.

# **Expected Outcomes:**

• The students will gain basic knowledge of various pollution sources and their impacts

#### Text Books / References:

- 1. A K Srivastava, Environment impact Assessment, APH Publishing, 2014
- John Glasson, Riki Therivel & S Andrew Chadwick "Introduction to EIA" University College London Press Limited, 2011
- 3. Larry W Canter, "Environmental Impact Assessment", McGraw Hill Inc., New York, 1995.
- 4. Ministry of Environment & Forests, Govt. of India 2006 EIA Notification
- 5. Rau G J and Wooten C.D "EIA Analysis Hand Book" Mc Graw Hill
- 6. Robert A Corbett "Standard Handbook of Environmental Engineering" McGraw Hill, 1999.

	COURSE PLAN		
Module	Contents	Hours	Sem. Exam Marks %
I	INTRODUCTION: Classification of Pollution and Pollutants, – Evolution of EIA (Global and Indian Scenario)- Elements of EIA — Screening – Scoping - Public Consultation - Environmental Clearance process in India - Key Elements in 2006 EIA(Govt. of India) Notification	6	15
п	AIR POLLUTION: Primary and Secondary Types of Pollutants, sulfur dioxide- nitrogen dioxide, carbon monoxide, WATER POLLUTION: Point and Non-point Source of Pollution, Major Pollutants of Water, Impact of pollutants	6	15
	FIRST INTERNAL EXAMINATION		
Ш	SOLID WASTE: Classification and sources of Solid Waste, Characteristics, effects, e waste, : Effects of urbanization on land degradation, pesticide pollution NOISE POLLUTION: Sources of Noise, Effects of Noise,	7	15

	Control measures		
IV	Impacts of pollutants, types, scale of impact-Global, local pollutants. Climate change, Ozone layer depletion, Deforestation, land degradation, Impact of development on vegetation and wild life	7	15,
	SECOND INTERNAL EXAMINATION		
v	Socio-economic impacts - Impact assessment Methodologies- Overlays, Checklist, Matrices, Fault Tree Analysis, Event Tree Analysis- Role of an Environmental Engineer- Public Participation	8	20
VI	Standards for Water, Air and Noise Quality - Environmental Management Plan- EIA- Case studies of EIA	8	20
	END SEMESTER EXAMINATION		

# **QUESTION PAPER PATTERN (External Evaluation):**

Maximum Marks :100 Exam Duration: 3 Hrs

Part A -Module I & II : 2 questions out of 3 questions carrying 15 marks each

Part B - Module III & IV: 2 questions out of 3 questions carrying 15 marks each

Part C - Module V & VI: 2 questions out of 3 questions carrying 20 marks each

Note: 1. Each part should have at least one question from each module

2. Each question can have a maximum of 4 subdivisions (a, b, c, d)

2014

Course Code	Course Name	L-T-P	Credits	Year of Introduction
BT362	Sustainable Energy Processes	3-0-0	3	2016

# Prerequisite: Nil

# **Course Objectives**

 To introduce the current and potential future energy systems, covering resources, extraction, conversion, and applications, with emphasis on meeting regional and global energy needs in a sustainable manner.

### **Syllabus**

Classification of energy, extraction, conversion, and applications of solar energy, wind energy, ocean energy, biomass energy, fuel cells and hydro-dynamic systems, merits and demerits of various energy systems, energy storage.

# **Expected outcome**

Students who successfully complete this course should be able to

- i. Identify global and Indian energy sources.
- ii. Explain capture, conversion and application of solar and wind energy.
- iii. Explain conversion of biomass to energy.
- iv. Explain the capture of energy from oceans.
- v. Explain fuel cells and energy storage routes.

### Reference Books

- Bansal N K, Kleemann M, Michael Meliss, Renewable Energy Sources & Conversion Technology, Tata McGraw Hill publishing Company, New Delhi, 1990.
- 2. Boyle, Godfrey, *Renewable Energy*, 3/e, Oxford University Press, 2012.
- 3. S P Sukhatme, Solar Energy Principles of Thermal Collection and Storage, 2/e, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing company, New Delhi, 1996.
- 4. Pramod Jain, Wind Energy Engineering, McGraw Hill, 2011.
- 5. Donald L Klass, Biomass for Renewable Energy, Fuels and Chemicals, Academic Press, 1998.

Course Plan					
Module	Contents	Hours	Sem. Exam Marks		
I	General classification of energy. Conventional and non-conventional. Renewable and non-renewable. Global and Indian energy sources. Global and Indian energy consumption. Problems of fossil fuels. Environmental aspects of energy utilization. Energy and sustainable development. Energy planning. Renewable energy sources, potentials, achievements and applications.	7	15%		
II	Solar energy. Solar radiation. Solar thermal systems. Flat plate and concentrating collectors. Solar desalination. Solar pond. Solar cookers. Solar dryers. Solar thermal electric power plant. Solar photovoltaic conversion. Semiconductor and thin film technology. Solar cells. Solar photovoltaic power generation. Hybrid systems. Merits and limitations of solar energy.	7	15%		
	FIRST INTERNAL EXAM	Dr. LEEN	VA A. V.		

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Ш	Wind energy. Availability of wind energy, Site characteristics, Wind turbine types-horizontal axis and	7	15%
	vertical axis-design principles of wind turbine. Wind power plants, Wind energy storage. Safety and environmental aspects. Merits and limitations of wind energy.		
IV	Biomass energy. Biomass resources, Biomass conversion technologies-direct combustion, pyrolysis, biomass gasification. Biogas production. Biomethanation as an aid to environment improvement. Bioethanol, biodiesel and biobutanol production. Hydrogen as fuel. Biohydrogen production. Storage of hydrogen.	7	15%
	SECOND INTERNAL EXAM		
V	Energy from the oceans. Ocean thermal electric conversion.  Tidal energy conversion. Geothermal energy conversion.  Hydro power-global and Indian scenario. Positive and	7	20%
	negative attributes of hydropower. Electricity from hydropower. Small hydropower.		
VI	Fuel cells. Alkaline fuel cells. Phosphoric acid fuel cell. Molten carbonate fuel cell. Solid oxide fuel cell, Solid polymer electrolyte fuel cell. Magneto-hydrodynamic systems. Electric vehicles. Energy storage routes like thermal, chemical, mechanical, electrical storage. Batteries.	7	20%
	END SEMESTER EXAMINATION		

# QUESTION PAPER PATTERN:

Maximum Marks: 100

Exam Duration: 3 hours

The question paper consists of Part A, Part B and Part C.

Part A consists of three questions of 15 marks each uniformly covering Modules I and II. The student has to answer two questions  $(15 \times 2=30 \text{ marks})$ .

Part B consists of three questions of 15 marks each uniformly covering Modules III and IV. The student has to answer two questions ( $15 \times 2=30$  marks).

Part C consists of three questions of 20 marks each uniformly covering Modules V and VI. The student has to answer two questions  $(20 \times 2 = 40 \text{ marks})$ .

For each question there can be a maximum of 4 subparts.

Course code	Course Name	L-T-P - Credits	Year of Introduction
EE367	New and Renewable Sources of Energy	3-0-0-3	2016

# Prerequisite: Nil

#### **Course Objectives:**

- To give sufficient knowledge about the promising new and renewable sources of energy
- To equip students in working with projects and to take up research work in connected areas.

#### Syllabus:

Solar energy - Solar radiation measurements - Applications of solar energy - Energy from oceans-Tidal energy - Wind energy - Small Hydro Power (SHP) Stations- Biomass and bio-fuels geothermal energy - Power from satellite stations - Hydrogen energy.

# **Expected Outcome:**

 The students will be able to design and analyse the performance of small isolated renewable energy sources.

#### References:

- 1. A.A.M. Saigh (Ed): Solar Energy Engineering, Academic Press, 1977
- Abbasi S. A. and N. Abbasi, Renewable Energy Sources and Their Environmental Impact, Prentice Hall of India, 2001..
- 3. Boyle G. (ed.), Renewable Energy Power for Sustainable Future, Oxford University Press, 1996
- 4. Earnest J. and T. Wizelius, Wind Power Plants and Project Development, PHI Learning, 2011.
- 5. F. Kreith and J.F. Kreider: Principles of Solar Engineering, McGraw Hill, 1978
- 6. G.N. Tiwari: Solar Energy-Fundamentals, Design, Modelling and Applications, Narosa Publishers, 2002
- 7. J.A. Duffie and W.A. Beckman: Solar Energy Thermal Processes, J. Wiley, 1994
- Johansson T. B., H. Kelly, A. K. N. Reddy and R. H. Williams, Renewable Energy Sources for Fuel and Electricity, Earth scan Publications, London, 1993.
- 9. Khan B. H., Non-Conventional Energy Resources, Tata McGraw Hill, 2009.
- 10. Rao S. and B. B. Parulekar, Energy Technology, Khanna Publishers, 1999.
- 11. Sab S. L., Renewable and Novel Energy Sources, MI. Publications, 1995.
- 12. Sawhney G. S., Non-Conventional Energy Resources, PHI Learning, 2012.
- Tiwari G. N., Solar Energy- Fundamentals, Design, Modelling and Applications, CRC Press, 2002.

	Course Plan		
Module	Contents	Hours	Sem. Exam Marks
I	Introduction, Classification of Energy Resources; Conventional Energy Resources - Availability and their limitations; Non-Conventional Energy Resources - Classification, Advantages, Limitations; Comparison of Conventional and Non-Conventional Energy Resources; World Energy Scenario; Indian Energy Scenario. ENERGY STORAGE: Sizing and Necessity of Energy Storage.	5	15%
п	SOLAR THERMAL SYSTEMS: Introduction, Solar Constant, Basic Sun-Earth Angles, Measurement of Solar Radiation Data – Pyranometer and Pyrheliometer .Principle of Conversion of Solar Radiation into Heat, – Solar thermal collectors – General description	11	15%

	and characteristics – Flat plate collectors – Heat transfer processes – Solar concentrators (parabolic trough, parabolic dish, Central Tower		
	Collector) –performance evaluation		
	FIRST INTERNAL EXAMINATION		
ш	SOLAR ELECTRIC SYSTEMS: Solar Thermal Electric Power Generation —; Solar Photovoltaic — Solar Cell fundamentals, characteristics, classification, construction of module, panel and array. Solar PV Systems — stand-alone and grid connected; Applications — Street lighting, Domestic lighting and Solar Water pumping systems	5	15%
IV	ENERGY FROM OCEAN: Tidal Energy – Principle of Tidal Power, Components of Tidal Power Plant (TPP), Classification of Tidal Power Plants, Advantages and Limitations of TPP. Ocean Thermal Energy Conversion (OTEC): Principle of OTEC system, Methods of OTEC power generation – Open Cycle (Claude cycle), Closed Cycle (Anderson cycle) and Hybrid cycle (block diagram description of OTEC); Site-selection criteria, Biofouling, Advantages & Limitations of OTEC.	7	15%
	SECOND INTERNAL EXAMINATION		
v	WIND ENERGY: Introduction, Wind and its Properties, History of Wind Energy, Wind Energy Scenario – World and India. Basic principles of Wind Energy Conversion Systems (WECS), Classification of WECS, Parts of WECS, Derivation for Power in the wind, Electrical Power Output and Capacity Factor of WECS, Advantages and Disadvantages of WECS	7	20%
VI	BIOMASS ENERGY: Introduction, Photosynthesis process, Biomass fuels, Biomass conversion technologies, Urban waste to Energy Conversion, Biomass Gasification, Biomass to Ethanol Production, Biogas production from waste biomass, factors affecting biogas generation, types of biogas plants – KVIC and Janata model; Biomass program in India. Small hydro power: Classification as micro, mini and small hydro projects - Basic concepts and types of turbines - Design and selection considerations. EMERGING TECHNOLOGIES: Fuel Cell, Small Hydro Resources, Hydrogen Energy, alcohol energy, nuclear fusion and power from satellite stations.	7	20%

# **QUESTION PAPER PATTERN:**

Maximum Marks: 100

Exam Duration: 3Hourrs.

Part A: 8 compulsory questions. One question from each module of Module I - IV; and two each from Module V & VI. Student has to answer all questions. (8 x5)=40

**Part B**: 3 questions uniformly covering Modules I & II. Student has to answer any 2 from the 3 questions:  $(2 \times 10) = 20$ . Each question can have maximum of 4 sub questions (a,b,c,d), if needed.

**Part C**: 3 questions uniformly covering Modules III & IV. Student has to answer any 2 from the 3 questions:  $(2 \times 10) = 20$ . Each question can have maximum of 4 sub questions (a,b,c,d), if needed.

Part D: 3 questions uniformly covering Modules V & VI. Student has to answer any 2 from the 3 questions:  $(2 \times 10) = 20$ . Each question can have maximum of 4 sub questions (a,b,c,d), if needed.

Course No.	Course Name	L-T-P-Credits	Year of Introduction
BE103	INTRODUCTION TO SUSTAINABLE ENGINEERING	2-0-1-3	2016

#### **Course Objectives**

- To have an increased awareness among students on issues in areas of sustainability
- To understand the role of engineering and technology within sustainable development;
- To know the methods, tools, and incentives for sustainable product-service system development
- To establish a clear understanding of the role and impact of various aspects of engineering and engineering decisions on environmental, societal, and economic problems.

# Syllabus

Sustainability- need and concept, challenges, Environment acts and protocols, Global, Regional and Local environmental issues, Natural resources and their pollution, Carbon credits, Zero waste concept ISO 14000, Life Cycle Analysis, Environmental Impact Assessment studies, Sustainable habitat, Green buildings, green materials, Energy, Conventional and renewable sources, Technology and sustainable development, Sustainable urbanization, Industrial Ecology.

#### **Expected outcome**

The student will be

- Able to understand the different types of environmental pollution problems and their sustainable solutions
- Able to work in the area of sustainability for research and education
- Having a broader perspective in thinking for sustainable practices by utilizing the engineering knowledge and principles gained from this course

#### Reference Books:

- Allen, D. T. and Shonnard, D. R., Sustainability Engineering: Concepts, Design and Case Studies, Prentice Hall.
- Bradley. A.S; Adebayo, A.O., Maria, P. Engineering applications in sustainable design and development, Cengage learning
- Environment Impact Assessment Guidelines, Notification of Government of India, 2006
- Mackenthun, K.M., Basic Concepts in Environmental Management, Lewis Publication, London, 1998
- ECBC Code 2007, Bureau of Energy Efficiency, New Delhi Bureau of Energy Efficiency Publications-Rating System, TERI Publications - GRIHA Rating System
- Ni bin Chang, Systems Analysis for Sustainable Engineering: Theory and Applications, McGraw-Hill Professional.
- Twidell, J. W. and Weir, A. D., Renewable Energy Resources, English Language Book Society (ELBS).

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 Purohit, S. S., Green Technology - An approach for sustainable environment, Agrobios publication

	Course Plan		
Module	Contents	Hours	Sem. Exam Marks
I	Sustainability - Introduction, Need and concept of sustainability, Social- environmental and economic sustainability concepts. Sustainable development, Nexus between Technology and Sustainable development, Challenges for Sustainable Development. Multilateral environmental agreements and Protocols - Clean Development Mechanism (CDM), Environmental legislations in India - Water Act, Air Act.	L4	15%
	Students may be assigned to do at least one project eg:  a) Identifying/assessment of sustainability in your neighbourhood in education, housing, water resources, energy resources, food supplies, land use, environmental protection etc.  b) Identify the threats for sustainability in any selected area and explore solutions for the same	P1	1576
11	Air Pollution, Effects of Air Pollution; Water pollution- sources, Sustainable wastewater treatment, Solid waste - sources, impacts of solid waste, Zero waste concept, 3 R concept. Global environmental issues- Resource degradation, Climate change, Global warming, Ozone layer depletion, Regional and Local Environmental Issues. Carbon credits and carbon trading, carbon foot print.		15%
	Students may be assigned to do at least one project for eg:  a) Assessing the pollution status of a small area  b) Programmes for enhancing public environmental awareness c) Observe a pond nearby and think about the different measures that can be adopted for its conservation	Р3	
	FIRST INTERNAL EXAM		
Ш	Environmental management standards, ISO 14000 series, Life Cycle Analysis (LCA) - Scope and Goal, Bio-mimicking, Environment Impact Assessment (EIA) - Procedures of EIA in India.	L4	
	Students may be assigned to do at least one project eg:  a) Conducting LCA of products (eg. Aluminium cans, PVC bottles, cars etc. or activities (Comparison of land filling and open burning)  b) Conducting an EIA study of a small project (eg. Construction of a building)	P2	15%

Basic concepts of sustainable habitat, Green buildings, green materials for building construction, material selection for sustainable design, green	15	
building certification, Methods for increasing energy efficiency of buildings. Sustainable cities, Sustainable transport.	LS	15%
Students may be assigned to do at least one project eg:  a) Consider the design aspects of a sustainable building for your campus	P2	1370
b) Explore the different methods that can be adopted for maintaining a sustainable transport system in your city.		
SECOND INTERNAL EXAM		
Energy sources: Basic concepts-Conventional and non-conventional, solar		
energy, Fuel cells, Wind energy, Small hydro plants, bio-fuels, Energy derived from oceans, Geothermal energy.	L5	
Students may be assigned to do at least one project eg:		209
a) Find out the energy savings that can be achieved by the installation of a solar water heater	P2	
b) Conduct a feasibility study for the installation of wind mills in Kerala		
Green Engineering, Sustainable Urbanisation, industrialisation and poverty		
reduction; Social and technological change, Industrial Processes: Material selection, Pollution Prevention, Industrial Ecology, Industrial symbiosis.	L5	
Students may be assigned to do a group project eg:		
a) Collect details for instances of climate change in your locality		
b) Find out the carbon credits you can gain by using a sustainable transport system (travelling in a cycle or car pooling from college to home)	D2	20%
c) Have a debate on the topics like: Industrial Ecology is a Boon or Bane for	13	
Industries?/Are we scaring the people on Climate Change unnecessarily?/Technology enables Development sustainable or the root cause of unsustainability?		
	building construction, material selection for sustainable design, green building certification, Methods for increasing energy efficiency of buildings. Sustainable cities, Sustainable transport.  Students may be assigned to do at least one project eg: a) Consider the design aspects of a sustainable building for your campus b) Explore the different methods that can be adopted for maintaining a sustainable transport system in your city.  SECOND INTERNAL EXAM  Energy sources: Basic concepts-Conventional and non-conventional, solar energy, Fuel cells, Wind energy, Small hydro plants, bio-fuels, Energy derived from oceans, Geothermal energy.  Students may be assigned to do at least one project eg: a) Find out the energy savings that can be achieved by the installation of a solar water heater b) Conduct a feasibility study for the installation of wind mills in Kerala  Green Engineering, Sustainable Urbanisation, industrialisation and poverty reduction; Social and technological change, Industrial Processes: Material selection, Pollution Prevention, Industrial Ecology, Industrial symbiosis.  Students may be assigned to do a group project eg: a) Collect details for instances of climate change in your locality b) Find out the carbon credits you can gain by using a sustainable transport system (travelling in a cycle or car pooling from college to home) c) Have a debate on the topics like: Industrial Ecology is a Boon or Bane for Industries?/Are we scaring the people on Climate Change	building construction, material selection for sustainable design, green building certification, Methods for increasing energy efficiency of buildings. Sustainable cities, Sustainable transport.  Students may be assigned to do at least one project eg: a) Consider the design aspects of a sustainable building for your campus b) Explore the different methods that can be adopted for maintaining a sustainable transport system in your city.  SECOND INTERNAL EXAM  Energy sources: Basic concepts-Conventional and non-conventional, solar energy, Fuel cells, Wind energy, Small hydro plants, bio-fuels, Energy derived from oceans, Geothermal energy.  Students may be assigned to do at least one project eg: a) Find out the energy savings that can be achieved by the installation of a solar water heater b) Conduct a feasibility study for the installation of wind mills in Kerala  Green Engineering, Sustainable Urbanisation, industrialisation and poverty reduction; Social and technological change, Industrial Processes: Material selection, Pollution Prevention, Industrial Ecology, Industrial symbiosis.  Students may be assigned to do a group project eg: a) Collect details for instances of climate change in your locality b) Find out the carbon credits you can gain by using a sustainable transport system (travelling in a cycle or car pooling from college to home) c) Have a debate on the topics like: Industrial Ecology is a Boon or Bane for Industries?/Are we scaring the people on Climate Change unnecessarily?/Technology enables Development sustainable or the root

2014

Keen

Course code	Course Name	L-T-P- Credits	Year of Introduction
ME482	Energy Conservation and Management	3-0-0-3	2016

#### Prerequisite: Nil

#### Course Objectives: :

- 1. To enable analysis of the energy data of industries, energy accounting and balancing
- 2. To know energy audit and methodologies for energy savings
- 3. To understand utilization of the available resources in optimal ways

#### Syllabus:

Energy, Power, Past & Present scenario of World; National Energy consumption Data, Components of EB billing, Boilers, Furnaces and Thermic Fluid Heaters, Pumps, Fans, Blowers, Energy audit, Energy Economics

# **Expected Outcomes:**

The students will be able to

- i. carryout energy accounting and balancing
- ii. suggest methodologies for energy savings

#### Text books:

- 1. Callaghn, P.W. Design and Management for Energy Conservation, Pergamon Press, Oxford,1981.
- 2. Witte. L.C., P.S. Schmidt, D.R. Brown, Industrial Energy Management and Utilisation, Hemisphere Publ, Washington, 1988.

#### References:

- 1. Dryden. I.G.C., The Efficient Use of Energy Butterworths, London, 1982
- Energy Manager Training Manual (4 Volumes) available at www.energymanager training.com, a website of Bureau of Energy Efficiency (BEE), A statutory body under Ministry of Power, Government of India, 2004.
- 3. Murphy. W.R. and G. Mc KAY, Energy Managemen", Butterworths, London 1987.
- 4. Turner. W.C., Energy Management Hand book, Wiley, New York, 1982.

Module	2014 Contents	Hours	End Sem. Exam. Marks
I	Energy - Power - Past & Present scenario of World; National Energy consumption Data - Environmental aspects associated with energy utilization - Energy Auditing: Need, Types, Methodology and Barriers. Role of Energy Managers. Instruments for energy auditing	7 (X	15%

П	Components of EB billing – HT and LT supply, Transformers, Cable Sizing, Concept of Capacitors, Power Factor Improvement, Harmonics, Electric Motors - Motor Efficiency Computation, Energy Efficient Motors, Illumination – Lux, Lumens, Types of lighting, Efficacy, LED Lighting and scope of Encon in Illumination.	7	15%
	FIRST INTERNAL EXAMINATION	A	
ш	Stoichiometry, Boilers, Furnaces and Thermic Fluid Heaters – Efficiency computation and encon measures. Steam: Distribution &Usage: Steam Traps, Condensate Recovery, Flash Steam Utilization, Insulators & Refractories	V I [7]	15%
IV	Energy efficiency in Pumps, Fans, Blowers, Compressed Air Systems, Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Systems – Cooling Towers – D.G. sets	7	15%
	SECOND INTERNAL EXAMINATION		
V	Energy audit, need, types of energy audit. Energy management (audit) approach-understanding energy costs, Bench marking, energy performance, matching energy use to requirement, maximizing system efficiencies, optimizing the input energy requirements, fuel and energy substitution, energy audit instruments and metering	7	20%
V1	Energy Economics – Discount Rate, Payback Period, Internal Rate of Return, Net Present Value, Life Cycle Costing –ESCO concepts	7	20%

# END SEMESTER EXAMINATION Question Paper Pattern

Maximum marks: 100

Time: 3 hrs

The question paper should consist of three parts

### Part A

There should be 2 questions each from module I and II

Each question carries 10 marks

Students will have to answer any three questions out of 4 (3X10 marks = 30 marks)

#### Part B

There should be 2 questions each from module III and IV

Each question carries 10 marks

Students will have to answer any three questions out of 4 (3X10 marks = 30 marks)

#### Part C

There should be 3 questions each from module V and VI

Each question carries 10 marks

Students will have to answer any four questions out of 6 (4X10 marks = 40 marks).

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Note: Each question can have a maximum of four sub questions, if needed. Dr. LEENA A. V.

PRINCIPAL

SREE NARAYANA GURU COLLEGE OF
ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY, PAYYANDE

Course Name	L-T-P - Credits	Year of Introduction
DESIGN PROJECT	0-1-2-2	2016

# **Course Objectives**

- To understand the engineering aspects of design with reference to simple products
- · To foster innovation in design of products, processes or systems
- To develop design that add value to products and solve technical problems

# Course Plan

Study: Take minimum three simple products, processes or techniques in the area of specialisation, study, analyse and present them. The analysis shall be focused on functionality, strength, material, manufacture/construction, quality, reliability, aesthetics, ergonomics, safety, maintenance, handling, sustainability, cost etc. whichever are applicable. Each student in the group has to present individually; choosing different products, processes or techniques.

**Design:** The project team shall identify an innovative product, process or technology and proceed with detailed design. At the end, the team has to document it properly and present and defend it. The design is expected to concentrate on functionality, design for strength is not expected.

Note: The one hour/week allotted for tutorial shall be used for discussions and presentations. The project team (not exceeding four) can be students from different branches, if the design problem is multidisciplinary.

# Expected outcome.

The students will be able to

- Think innovatively on the development of components, products, processes or technologies in the engineering field
- ii. Analyse the problem requirements and arrive workable design solutions

#### Reference:

Michael Luchs, Scott Swan, Abbie Griffin, 2015. Design Thinking. 405 pages, John Wiley & Sons, Inc

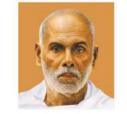
#### Evaluation

First evaluation ( Immediately after first internal examination )	20 marks
Second evaluation (Immediately after second internal examination)	20 marks
Final evaluation ( Last week of the semester)	60 marks

Note: All the three evaluations are mandatory for course completion and for awarding the final grade.



# Sree Narayana Guru College of Engineering & Technology



CHALAKKODE P.O., KOROM, PAYYANUR, KANNUR-670 307

# 2019 SCHEME

CET202	Engineering Geology	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Year of Introduction
		PCC	3	0	1	4	2020

**Preamble**: Goal of this course is to introduce to the students the basics of earth processes, materials, groundwater and the geological characteristics of such processes and materials which are relevant to the Civil Engineering applications.

Prerequisites: Nil

Course Outcomes: After completion of the course the student will be able to:

CO1	Recall the fundamental concepts of surface processes, subsurface process, minerals, rocks, groundwater and geological factors in civil engineering constructions.
CO2	Identify and describe the surface processes, subsurface process, earth materials, groundwater and geological factors in civil engineering constructions.
CO3	Apply the basic concepts of surface and subsurface processes, minerals, rocks, groundwater and geological characteristics in civil engineering constructions.
CO4	Analyze and classify geological processes, earth materials and groundwater.
CO5	Evaluation of geological factors in civil engineering constructions.

# Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes (Minimum requirement)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2					1	2					
CO2	3											
CO3	3											
CO4	3	2										
CO5	3	1	3			3	3	2			12,00	2

Assessment pattern

Bloom's	Continuous Assessment Tes	ts	End Semester		
Category	Test 1 (Marks) Test 2 (Marks)		Examination (Marks)		
Remember	9 (3 marks for each question in which one question from third module)	2014	15		
Understand	6	9 (3 marks for each question in which one question from third module)	15		
Apply	14 +14 + 7 (Question for 7 marks is from third module)	14 +14 + 7 (Question for 7 marks is from third module)	70		
Analyse			,		
Evaluate			Neen		

#### Mark distribution

Total Marks	CIE marks	ESE marks	Test 1 &2 Duration	ESE Duration
150	50	100	1.5 hours	3 hours

### **Continuous Internal Evaluation Pattern:**

Attendance: 10marks

Continuous Assessment Test (2 numbers): 25 marks

Assignment/Quiz/Courseproject: 15 marks

#### End Semester ExaminationPattern:

There will be two parts; Part A and Part B. Part A contain 10 questions with 2 questions from each module, having 3 marks for each question. Students should answer all questions. Part B contains 2 questions from each module of which student should answer any one. Each question can have maximum 2 sub-divisions and carry 14marks.

#### **Course Level Assessment Questions:**

#### Part A

Course Outcome 1 (CO1): (One question from each module to meet the course objective 1: To recall the fundamental concepts of surface processes, subsurface process, minerals, rocks, groundwater and geological factors in civil engineeringconstructions).

# 1. Define weathering of rocks

Course Outcome 2 (CO2) (One question from each module to meet the course objective 2: To identify and describe the surface processes, subsurface process, earth materials, groundwater and geological factors in civil engineering constructions.)

1. Explain the classification of soil

#### Part B

All the questions under this section shall assess the learning levels corresponding to the course outcomes 3, 4 and 5.

- a) Classify weathering and discuss the engineering classification of weathered rock masses (7 marks)
  - b) Write your comments on the relevance of geology in civil engineering constructions (7 marks)

# **Model Question Paper**

QP CODE:

	RegNo.:	
Name:		

# PJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY FIRST SEMESTER B.TECH DEGREE EXAMINATION, MONTH & YEAR

Course Code: CET 202

#### ENGINEERING GEOLOGY

Max.Marks: 100

Duration: 3hours

#### Part A

(Answer all questions; each question carries 3 marks)

- 1. Define weathering ofrocks
- 2. Explain soil erosion and classification of soils
- 3. Describe earthquakes and write notes on seismograph andseismogram
- 4. Illustrate the elastic rebound theory with adiagram
- 5. Define Ghyben Herzberg relation in sea waterintrusion
- 6. Explain Darcy's Law with a neatdiagram
- 7. Write down the physical properties and chemical composition of givenminerals
  - a. Calcite
  - b. Gypsum
- 8. Describe the different types of igneous rocks based on their origin
- 9. Illustrate the major parts of the fold with a neatdiagram
- 10. Distinguish between clinometer compass and Brunton compass

### PART B

(Answer one full question from each module, each question carries 14 marks)

#### Module -1

- 11. a) Discuss the relevance of geology in civil engineering constructions (7marks)
  - b) Give an account on classification of weathering with suitable diagrams and examples (7 marks)
- 12. Describe the geological work of rivers. Discuss different landform features produced by weathering and river action with suitable diagrams. (14 marks)

#### Module -2

13. Comment on the relation of earthquakes with plate tectonics. Give an account on different plates with earthquake prone area (14 marks)

14. Discuss the various types of seismic waves and their relevance in the study of internal structure of earth. (14marks)

#### Module -3

- 15. Discuss the vertical distribution of groundwater. Give an account of the water bearing properties of rocks and hydrological cycle with neat diagrams. (14marks)
- 16. a) Elucidate application of electrical resistivity survey in ground water exploration. (8 marks)
  - b) Give a brief account on different ground water recharge methods (6 marks)

#### Module -4

- Distinguish between metamorphic and sedimentary rocks with respect to their structure with diagrams (14marks)
- 18. a) Elucidate various physical properties of minerals for their identification. (9marks)
  - b) Give an account on hardness of minerals with Moh's hardness scale (5 marks)

#### Module -5

- a) Enumerate the geological factors to be considered for selecting a dam site (9 marks)
  - b) Discuss the geological conditions suitable and unsuitable for construction of tunnels (5marks)
- 20. Distinguish between folds and faults. Give an account on classification of folds with neat diagrams (14 marks)

# ENGINEERING GEOLOGY

# **Syllabus**

Module	Contents	Hours
Module 1 External Earth Processes	Relevance of Geology in Civil Engineering, Surface Processes of the earth- a) Weathering of rocks-Types of weathering, Processes of Origin of Products of weathering like sand, clay, laterite and soil, soil profile, Soil erosion and soil conservation measures. Engineering significance of weathering. b) Geological processes by rivers. c) Landslides-types, causes and controlling measures, Coastal Processes-Geological work by waves and currents and coastal protectionmeasures	9
Module 2 Internal Earth Processes	Internal Processes of the earth- a) Earthquakes- Plate Tectonics, Origin of earthquakes, Seismic waves, Rating of earthquakes, types of earthquakes, Seismic zones of India. Basics of seismic safety factor, Interior of the earth as revealed by propagation of seismic waves.	9
Module 3 Groundwater	Hydrogeology-Occurrence of groundwater, aquifers and types of aquifers, confining beds, porosity and vertical distribution of groundwater. Darcy's Law.Permeability/hydraulic conductivity. Problems created by groundwater to civil engineering structures, Methods to control groundwater problems, Electrical resistivity survey for groundwater exploration. Seawater intrusion in Coastal area. Ghyben Herzberg relation.	9
Module 4 Earth Materials	Mineralogy-Physical properties of minerals, physical properties and chemical composition of minerals like quartz, orthoclase, plagioclase, biotite, muscovite, hornblende, augite, hypersthene, calcite, gypsum.  Petrology-Igneous, sedimentary and metamorphic rocks, Igneous rocks-Chemical and mineralogical classification and structure. Sedimentary rocks-types based on mode of formation and structures Metamorphic rocks-structures only. Megascopic study of granite, dolerite, basalt, sandstone, limestone, shale, gneiss, marble and charnockite. Rock types of Kerala. Rockcycle	9
Module 5 Secondary Structures of Rocks	Structural Geology- Attitude of rocks - Dip and Strike. Terminology, brief classification and engineering significance of folds, faults and joints. Geological part of site investigation for the construction of dams, reservoirs and tunnels. Toposheet.Structuralmapping.Clinometer compass and Brunton compass.	9

# **Textbooks**

- 1. Duggal S.K, Pandey H.K and Rawat N (2014) Engineering Geology, Mcgraw Hill Education NewDelhi
- Gokhale KVGK (2015) Principles of Engineering Geology, BS Publications, Hyderabad

- 3. Singh P (2014) Engineering and General Geology, SK Kataria and sons, NewDelhi
- 4. SubinoyGangopadhyay (2017) Engineering Geology, OxfordUniversity

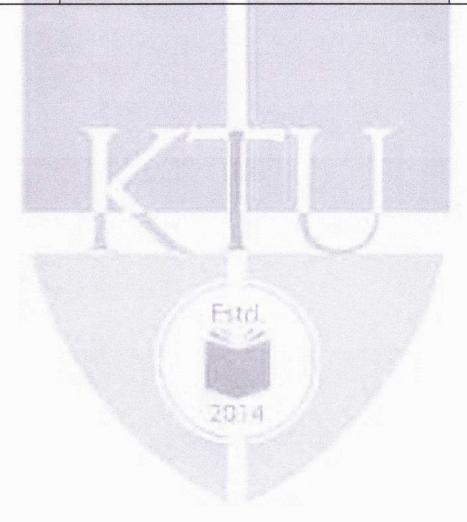
### References

- David K Todd & Larry W Mays (2011) Groundwater Hydrogeology, Wiley India Pvt Ltd.
- 2. Gokhale N.W. (2015) Manual of Geological Maps, CBS Publishers, NewDelhi
- 3. Gribble CD (2005) Rutleys Elements of Mineralogy, Springer
- 4. Marland P Billings (2016), Structural Geology, Pearson education

#### **Course Contents and Lecture Schedule:**

Module	Торіс	No. of
	Weathering of rocks-Types of weathering, Processes of Origin of Products of weathering like sand, clay, laterite and soil	3
Module 1	Soil profile, Soil erosion and soil conservation measures. Engineering significance of weathering.	2
	Geological processes by rivers. Landslides-types, causes and controlling measures	2
	Coastal Processes-Geological work by waves and currents and coastal protection measures	2
	Earthquakes- Plate Tectonics, Origin of earthquakes, Seismic waves, Rating of earthquakes, types of earthquakes	4
Module 2	Seismic zones of India. Basics of seismic safety factor	2
	Interior of the earth as revealed by propagation of seismic waves.	3
	Occurrence of groundwater, aquifers and types of aquifers, confining beds, porosity and vertical distribution of groundwater.	2
Module 3	Darcy's Law.Permeability/hydraulic conductivity. Problems created by groundwater to civil engineering structures	3
Would 5	Methods to control groundwater problems	1
	Electrical resistivity survey for groundwater exploration.	2
	Seawater intrusion in Coastal area. Ghyben Herzberg relation.	1
Module 4	Physical properties of minerals, physical properties and chemical composition of minerals like quartz, orthoclase, plagioclase, biotite, muscovite, hornblende, augite, hypersthene, calcite, gypsum	4

	Igneous, sedimentary and metamorphic rocks, Igneous rocks- Chemical and mineralogical classification and structure. Sedimentary rocks-types based on mode of formation and structures Metamorphic rocks-structures only. Megascopic study of granite, dolerite, basalt, sandstone, limestone, shale, gneiss, marble and charnockite. Rock types of Kerala. Rock cycle	5
THE SERVICE OF THE SE	Attitude of rocks - Dip and Strike. Terminology	1
A	Brief classification and engineering significance of folds, faults and joints	3
Module 5	Geological part of site investigation for the construction of dams, reservoirs and tunnels	3
	Toposheet, Structural mapping. Clinometer compass and Brunton compass	2



MCN	DISASTER	Category	L	Т	P	CREDIT	YEAR OF INTRODUCTION
301	MANAGEMENT	Non - Credit	2	0	0	Nil	2019

**Preamble**: The objective of this course is to introduce the fundamental concepts of hazards and disaster management.

Prerequisite: Nil

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course the student will be able to

CO1	Define and use various terminologies in use in disaster management parlance and organise each of these terms in relation to the disaster management cycle (Cognitive knowledge level: <b>Understand</b> ).
CO2	Distinguish between different hazard types and vulnerability types and do vulnerability assessment (Cognitive knowledge level: <b>Understand</b> ).
CO3	Identify the components and describe the process of risk assessment, and apply appropriate methodologies to assess risk (Cognitive knowledge level: Understand).
CO4	Explain the core elements and phases of Disaster Risk Management and develop possible measures to reduce disaster risks across sector and community (Cognitive knowledge level: Apply)
CO5	Identify factors that determine the nature of disaster response and discuss the various disaster response actions (Cognitive knowledge level: <b>Understand</b> ).
CO6	Explain the various legislations and best practices for disaster management and risk reduction at national and international level (Cognitive knowledge level: Understand).

# Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO 9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO1 2
CO1		2				2				2		2
CO2	2	3	2		2	2	3			3		2
CO3	2	3	2	2	2	2	3			3		2
CO4	3	3	3		2	2	3					2
CO5	3	3			2	2	3					2
CO6	3					2	3	3				2

Abstract POs defined by National Board of Accreditation					
PO#	Broad PO	РО#	Broad PO		
PO1	Engineering Knowledge	PO7	Environment and Sustainability		
PO2	Problem Analysis	PO8	Ethics		
PO3	Design/Development of solutions	PO9	Individual and team work		
PO4	Conduct investigations of complex problems	POID   Communication			
PO5	Modern tool usage	PO11	Project Management and Finance		
PO6	The Engineer and Society	PO12	Life long learning		

#### **Assessment Pattern**

Bloom's Category	Continuous A	End Semester			
	Test 1 (Marks)	Test 2 (Marks)	Examination Marks		
Remember	10	10	20		
Understand	25	25	50		
Apply	15	15	30		
Analyze		8			
Evaluate					
Create					

### **Mark Distribution**

Total Marks	CIE Marks	ESE Marks	ESE Duration	
150	50	100	3 hours	

# **Continuous Internal Evaluation Pattern:**

Attendance

: 10 marks

Continuous Assessment - Test

: 25 marks

Continuous Assessment - Assignment

: 15 marks

#### **Internal Examination Pattern:**

Each of the two internal examinations has to be conducted out of 50 marks. First series test shall be preferably conducted after completing the first half of the syllabus and the second series test shall be preferably conducted after completing remaining part of the syllabus. There will be two parts: Part A and Part B. Part A contains 5 questions (preferably, 2 questions each from the completed modules and 1 question from the partly completed module), having 3 marks for each question adding up to 15 marks for part A. Students should answer all questions from Part A.

Part B contains 7 questions (preferably, 3 questions each from the completed modules and 1 question from the partly completed module), each with 7 marks. Out of the 7 questions, a student should answer any 5.

#### **End Semester Examination Pattern:**

There will be two parts; Part A and Part B. Part A contains 10 questions with 2 questions from each module, having 3 marks for each question. Students should answer all questions. Part B contains 2 questions from each module of which a student should answer any one. Each question can have maximum 2 sub-divisions and carries 14 marks.

Dr. LEENA A. V.
PRINCIPAL

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ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY PAYANIE

4

#### **SYLLABUS**

# MCN 301 Disaster Management

#### Module 1

Systems of earth

Lithosphere- composition, rocks, soils; Atmosphere-layers, ozone layer, greenhouse effect, weather, cyclones, atmospheric circulations, Indian Monsoon; hydrosphere- Oceans, inland water bodies; biosphere

Definition and meaning of key terms in Disaster Risk Reduction and Management- disaster, hazard, exposure, vulnerability, risk, risk assessment, risk mapping, capacity, resilience, disaster risk reduction, disaster risk management, early warning systems, disaster preparedness, disaster prevention, disaster mitigation, disaster response, damage assessment, crisis counselling, needs assessment.

#### Module 2

Hazard types and hazard mapping; Vulnerability types and their assessment- physical, social, economic and environmental vulnerability.

Disaster risk assessment -approaches, procedures

#### Module 3

Disaster risk management -Core elements and phases of Disaster Risk Management

Measures for Disaster Risk Reduction – prevention, mitigation, and preparedness.

Disaster response- objectives, requirements; response planning; types of responses.

Relief; international relief organizations.

#### Module 4

Participatory stakeholder engagement; Disaster communication- importance, methods, barriers; Crisis counselling

Capacity Building: Concept – Structural and Non-structural Measures, Capacity Assessment; Strengthening Capacity for Reducing Risk

#### Module 5

Common disaster types in India; Legislations in India on disaster management; National disaster management policy; Institutional arrangements for disaster management in India.

The Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction- targets, priorities for action, guiding principles

#### Reference Text Book

- 1. R. Subramanian, Disaster Management, Vikas Publishing House, 2018
- 2. M. M. Sulphey, Disaster Management, PHI Learning, 2016
- 3. UNDP, Disaster Risk Management Training Manual, 2016
- United Nations Office for Disaster Risk Reduction, Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-2030, 2015

# Sample Course Level Assessment Questions

# Course Outcome 1 (CO1):

- 1. What is the mechanism by which stratospheric ozone protects earth from harmful UV rays?
- 2. What are disasters? What are their causes?
- 3. Explain the different types of cyclones and the mechanism of their formation
- 4. Explain with examples, the difference between hazard and risk in the context of disaster management
- 5. Explain the following terms in the context of disaster management (a) exposure (b) resilience (c) disaster risk management (d) early warning systems, (e) damage assessment (f) crisis counselling (g) needs assessment

#### Course Outcome 2 (CO2):

- 1. What is hazard mapping? What are its objectives?
- 2. What is participatory hazard mapping? How is it conducted? What are its advantages?
- 3. Explain the applications of hazard maps
- 4. Explain the types of vulnerabilities and the approaches to assess them

### Course Outcome 3 (CO3):

1. Explain briefly the concept of 'disaster risk'

de

- 2. List the strategies for disaster risk management 'before', 'during' and 'after' a disaster
- 3. What is disaster preparedness? Explain the components of a comprehensive disaster preparedness strategy

#### Course Outcome 4 (CO4):

- 1. What is disaster prevention? Distinguish it from disaster mitigation giving examples
- 2. What are the steps to effective disaster communication? What are the barriers to communication?
- 3. Explain capacity building in the context of disaster management

#### Course Outcome 5 (CO5):

- Briefly explain the levels of stakeholder participation in the context of disaster risk reduction
- 2. Explain the importance of communication in disaster management
- 3. Explain the benefits and costs of stakeholder participation in disaster management
- 4. How are stakeholders in disaster management identified?

#### Course Outcome 6 (CO6):

- 1. Explain the salient features of the National Policy on Disaster Management in India
- Explain the guiding principles and priorities of action according to the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction
- 3. What are Tsunamis? How are they caused?
- Explain the earthquake zonation of India

Deles

**ENGINEERING &** 

#### Model Question paper

QP CODE	: PAGES:3
Reg No:	Name :
1	APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY
FIFTH SI	EMESTER B.TECH DEGREE EXAMINATION, MONTH & YEAR
	Course Code: MCN 301
	Course Name: Disaster Management

Max.Marks:100

# **Duration: 3 Hours**

#### PART A

#### Answer all Questions. Each question carries 3 Marks

- 1. What is the mechanism by which stratospheric ozone protects earth from harmful UV rays?
- 2. What are disasters? What are their causes?
- 3. What is hazard mapping? What are its objectives?
- 4. Explain briefly the concept of 'disaster risk'
- 5. List the strategies for disaster risk management 'before', 'during' and 'after' a disaster
- 6. What is disaster prevention? Distinguish it from disaster mitigation giving examples
- 7. Briefly explain the levels of stakeholder participation in the context of disaster risk reduction
- 8. Explain the importance of communication in disaster management
- 9. What are Tsunamis? How are they caused?
- 10. Explain the earthquake zonation of India

Part B

Answer any one Question from each module. Each question carries 14 Marks



11.	a. Explain the different types of cyclones and the mechanism of their formation	[10]
disaste	b. Explain with examples, the difference between hazard and risk in the contra management	ntext of
ניו	OP	
	OR	
12. Ex	plain the following terms in the context of disaster management	[14]
	posure (b) resilience (c) disaster risk management (d) early warning systems, (e) ment (f) crisis counselling (g) needs assessment	damage
13.	a. What is participatory hazard mapping? How is it conducted? What are its advantage of the conducted of the	itages?
		[8]
	b. Explain the applications of hazard maps	[6]
	OR	
14.	Explain the types of vulnerabilities and the approaches to assess them	[14]
15.	a. Explain the core elements of disaster risk management	[8]
	b. Explain the factors that decide the nature of disaster response	[6]
	OR	
16.	a. What is disaster preparedness? Explain the components of a comprehensive preparedness strategy	disaster [6]
	b. Explain the different disaster response actions	[8]
17.	a. Explain the benefits and costs of stakeholder participation in disaster management	ent [10]
	b. How are stakeholders in disaster management identified?	[4]
	OR	
18.	a. What are the steps to effective disaster communication? What are the bar communication?	rriers to
	b. Explain capacity building in the context of disaster management	[7]

19. Explain the salient features of the National Policy on Disaster Management in India

[14]

OR

 Explain the guiding principles and priorities of action according to the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction [14]

Keen

# **Teaching Plan**

	Module 1	5 Hours			
1.1	Introduction about various Systems of earth, Lithosphere- composition, rocks, Soils; Atmosphere-layers, ozone layer, greenhouse effect, weather				
1.2	Cyclones, atmospheric circulations, Indian Monsoon; hydrosphere- Oceans, inland water bodies; biosphere	- 1 Hour			
1.3	Definition and meaning of key terms in Disaster Risk Reduction and Management- disaster, hazard,	1 Hour			
1.4	Exposure, vulnerability, risk, risk assessment, risk mapping, capacity, resilience, disaster risk reduction, Disaster risk management, early warning systems	1 Hour			
1.5	Disaster preparedness, disaster prevention, disaster, Mitigation, disaster response, damage assessment, crisis counselling, needs assessment.	1 Hour			
	Module 2	5 Hours			
2.1	Various Hazard types, Hazard mapping; Different types of Vulnerability types and their assessment	1 Hour			
2.2	Vulnerability assessment and types, Physical and social vulnerability	1 Hour			
2.3	Economic and environmental vulnerability, Core elements of disaster risk assessment	1 Hour			
2.4	Components of a comprehensive disaster preparedness strategy approaches, procedures	1 Hour			
2.5	Different disaster response actions	1 Hour			
	Module 3	5 Hour			
3.1	Introduction to Disaster risk management, Core elements of Disaster Risk Management	1 Hour			
3.2	Phases of Disaster Risk Management, Measures for Disaster Risk Reduction	1 Hour			
3.3	Measures for Disaster prevention, mitigation, and preparedness.	1 Hour			

3.4	Disaster response- objectives, requirements. Disaster response planning; types of responses.					
3.5	Introduction- Disaster Relief, Relief; international relief organizations.	1 Hour				
	Module 4	5 Hours				
4.1	Participatory stakeholder engagement	1 Hour				
4.2	Importance of disaster communication.	1 Hour				
4.3	Disaster communication- methods, barriers. Crisis counselling					
4.4	Introduction to Capacity Building. Concept – Structural Measures, Non-structural Measures.					
4.5	Introduction to Capacity Assessment, Capacity Assessment; Strengthening, Capacity for Reducing Risk					
	Module 5	5 Hours				
5.1	Introduction-Common disaster types in India.	1 Hour				
5.2	Common disaster legislations in India on disaster management	1 Hour				
5.3	National disaster management policy, Institutional arrangements for disaster management in India.	1 Hour				
5.4	The Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction and targets	1 Hour				
5.5	The Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction-priorities for action, guiding principles	1 Hour				

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KANNUR

CET 304	ENVIRONMENTAL	CATEGORY	L	Т	P	CREDIT	Year of Introduction
	ENGINEERING	PCC	4	0	0	4	2019

**Preamble** This course introduces students to various treatment technologies for drinking water and domestic waste water. Students will learn the role of an environmental engineer in ensuring public health. They will understand how engineering approach can enhance the environmental quality by scaling up the physical and biological purification processes that exist in nature.

Prerequisite: CET 203 Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulics, CET 307 Hydrology &Water Resources Engineering

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course the student will be able

Course Outcome	Description of Course Outcome	Prescribed learning level
CO1	To appreciate the role of environmental engineering in improving the quality of environment	Understanding
CO2	To plan for collection and conveyance of water and waste water	Applying
CO3	To enhance natural water purification processes in an engineered environment	Analysing
CO4	To decide on appropriate technology for water and waste water treatment	Evaluating

# Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes (Minimum requirement)

/	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12
CO 1	-	-	-	-		2	2	-	-	-	-	-
CO 2	3	-	3	-		<b>-</b>	- 9	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	3	-	3	-	-	<b>9</b> - 5	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	3	-	3	-	-	- 300	-	-	-	-	-	-

#### **Assessment Pattern**

Bloom's Category	Continuous A Tests	ssessment	End Semester Examination		
	1	2			
Remember	10	10	15		
Understand	10	10	A 15/		
Apply	15	15	35		
Analyse	15	15	35		
Evaluate	A 7 7 7 7		and the second of the second		
Create	NIV	$-14 \times 1$	TY		

#### Mark distribution

Total Marks	CIE	ESE	ESE Duration
150	50	100	3 hours

#### **Continuous Internal Evaluation Pattern:**

Attendance : 10 marks
Continuous Assessment Test (2 numbers) : 25 marks
Assignment/Quiz/Course project : 15 marks

End Semester Examination Pattern: There will be two parts; Part A and Part B. Part A contain 10 questions with 2 questions from each module, having 3 marks for each question. Students should answer all questions. Part B contains 2 questions from each module of which student should answer any one. Each question carries 14 marks and can have maximum 2 subdivisions.

#### **Course Level Assessment Questions**

# CO1:To be able to appreciate the role of environmental engineering in improving the quality of environment

- 1.Explain from a health perspective the need for treating drinking water and safe disposal of waste water
- 2. How to dispose the sludge from waste water treatment plant safely?
- 3. How to remove colloidal range particles from water to satisfy drinking water norms?

#### CO 2: To be able to plan for collection and conveyance of water and waste water

- 1. How design period is decided for water supply schemes?
- 2.Discuss various types of pumps used in a water supply scheme
- 3. Compare separate and combined sewerage systems

# CO3: To be able to enhance natural water purification processes in an engineered environment

- 1.Discuss different types of aerators with their advantage and limitations
- 2.Design a continuous flow rectangular sedimentation tank for a population of 20,000 persons with an average per capita demand of 120 litres per day. Assume a detention period of 6 hours.
- 3.Design an activated sludge plantto treat 6.0 Mld of sewage with BOD of 210 mg/l. The final effluent should be 30 mg/l

# CO4: To be able to decide on appropriate technology for water and waste water treatment

- 1. Compare aerobic and anaerobic biological processes for treating waste water
- 2.Explain in detail the different disinfection techniques available for water and waste water treatment?
- 3. Discuss the treatment method available for high strength waste water

#### **SYLLABUS**

#### Module 1

Introduction to environmental engineering and role of environmental engineers-enhancing natural purification processes in an engineered environment-public health perspective for treating water and waste water - 1hr

Water quantity estimation:

Population forecast- water demand estimation-types of demand- demand fluctuation -3 hrs

Estimation for waste water quantity:

Dry weather flow and storm water flow-population equivalent-design period - 2 hrs Collection and conveyance:

water intake structures--gravity flow and pressure flow systems- 1 hr

Systems of sewerage: separate and combined-types of pumps for water and waste water conveyance - 2 hrs

#### Module 2

Layout plan of a conventional water treatment plant- site selection-concept of unit operations and unit processes-Screening-types of screens -aeration -aerator types- 3 hrs

Theory and principles of sedimentation-Stoke's law-Types of settling -Design of plain sedimentation tanks - 4 hrs

Mechanisms of coagulation and flocculation, popular coagulants and feeding devices -2 hrs

#### Module 3

Filtration of water-theory of filtration-types of filters - design of arapid sand filter - 3hrs

Disinfection of water - various methods - advantages and limitations -2 hrs

Lay out of water distribution network-types-methods of distribution-network analysis -Hardy cross and equivalent pipe methods-4 hrs

#### Module 4

Layout plan of a conventional waste water treatment plant- site selection- concept of primary, secondary and tertiary treatment- 1hr

Unit operations in waste water- primary treatment -equalization of flow- 2hrs

Secondary treatment methods-basic concepts of biological unit processes-aerobic and anaerobic- attached and suspended growth processes (Concepts only)- 2 hr

Activated sludge process- basic concepts-design of a conventional Activated Sludge Plant - 3hrs

Trickling filter (Concept only)- types- construction & operation - 1 hr

#### Module 5

Anaerobic treatment of high strength waste water- Up flow Anaerobic Sludge Blanket (UASB) reactor (Concept only)- 2 hrs

Natural waste water treatment systems-Oxidation Ponds and Lagoons-Wetlands and Rootzone systems (Concepts only)- 3 hrs

Low cost sanitation systems- Design of a septic tank and soak-pit - 2 hr

Sludge treatment (concepts only) -thickening- digestion- dewatering- drying- composting- 2hrs

#### **Text Books:**

- Howard S Peavy, Donald R Rowe and George Tchobanoglous, Environmental Engineering, Mc Graw Hill Education, 2013
- 2. Mackenzie L Davis, David A Cornwell, Introduction to Environmental Engineering, Mc Graw Hill Education, 2014
- 3. S.K. Garg, Water Supply Engineering, Khanna Publishers. 2010
- G S Birdie, Water Supply and Engineering, Dhanapat Rai Publishing Company, 2014
- J. Arceivala, Shyam R. Asolekar, Wastewater Treatment for Pollution Control and Reuse, McGrawhill Education, 2007
- 6. S.K. Garg, Sewage disposal and air pollution engineering, Khanna Publishers. 2008

#### References:

- Metcalf and Eddy, Waste Water Engineering, Tata McGraw Hill publishing Co Ltd, 2003
- Syed R Qasim, Edward M Motley, Guang Zhu, Water Works Engineering-Planning, Design & Operation, PHI Learning, 2012.
- Syed R Qasim, Wastewater Treatment Plants-Planning, Design & Operation, CRC Press, 1999

# Lecture Plan- Environmental Engineering

Module	Topic	Course Outcomes addressed	No. of Lectures			
1	Module 1: Total Lecture Hours -9	ALA	2/2			
1.1	Introduction to environmental engineering and role of environmental engineers-enhancing natural purification processes in an engineered environment-public health perspective for treating water and waste water	COI	1			
1.2	Water and waste water quantity estimation:  Population forecast- water demand estimation-types of demand- demand fluctuation	CO2	3			
1.3	Estimation for waste water quantity- dry weather flow and storm water flow-population equivalent-design period	CO2	2			
1.4	Collection and conveyance: water intake structuresgravity flow and pressure flow systems-	CO2	1			
1.5	Systems of sewerage: separate and combined-types of pumps for water and waste water conveyance	CO2	2			
2	Module II: Total Lecture Hours- 9					
2.1	Layout plan of a conventional water treatment plant- site selection-concept of unit operations and unit processes- Screening-types of screens-aeration-aerator types	CO1,CO4	3			
2.2	Theory and principles of sedimentation-Stoke's law- Types of settling -Design of plain sedimentation tanks	CO3	4			
2.3	Mechanisms of coagulation and flocculation, popular coagulants and feeding devices	CO3	2			
3	Module III: Total Lecture Hours-	9				
3.1	Filtration of water-theory of filtration-types of filters - design of rapid sand filter	CO3,CO4	3			
3.2	Disinfection of water - various methods - advantages and limitations	CO4	2			
3.3	Lay out of water distribution network-methods of distribution-network analysis -Hardy cross and equivalent pipe methods	CO4	4			
4	Module IV: Total Lecture Hours-	9	0			

4.1	Layout plan of a conventional waste water treatment plant- site selection- concept of primary, secondary and tertiary treatment	CO1	1
4.2	Unit operations in waste water- primary treatment - equalization of flow	CO3	2
4.3	Secondary treatment methods- basic concepts of biological unit processes-aerobic and anaerobic- attached and suspended growth processes (Concepts only)	CO4	2
4.4	Activated sludge process- basic concepts-design of a conventional Activated Sludge Plant	CO3	3
4.5	Trickling filter (Concept only)- types- construction & operation	CO3	1
5	Module V: Total Lecture Hours-	9	
5.1	Anaerobic treatment of high strength waste water- Up flow Anaerobic Sludge Blanket (UASB) reactor (Concept only)	CO3	2
5.2	Natural waste water treatment systems-Oxidation Ponds and Lagoons-Wetlands and Root-zone systems (Concepts only)	CO3, CO4	3
5.3	Low cost sanitation systems- Design of a septic tank and soak-pit	CO3	2
5.4	Sludge treatment (concepts only) - thickening- digestion- dewatering- drying- composting	CO4	2

Estd.

Duration: 3 Hours

#### **Model Question Paper**

Reg No.:	Name:
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#### APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

SIXTH SEMESTER B. TECH DEGREE EXAMINATION

Course Code: CET304
Course Name: ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING

Max. Marks: 100

#### Part A

(Answer all questions; each question carries 3 marks)

- 1. Explain dry weather flow
- 2. What is an intake?
- 3. Why screens are used in water and waste water treatment plants?
- 4. What is hindered settling?
- 5. Compare slow sand filter and rapid sand filter
- 6. Explain the principle of disinfection
- 7. Discuss the unit operations and unit processes in a waste water treatment plant
- 8. Compare aerobic and anaerobic processes
- 9. How wetlands treat waste water?
- 10. Explain the working of a septic tank with a neat sketch

#### PART B

(Answer one full question from each module, each question carries 14 marks)

11. (a) Explain in brief different methods used for prediction of future population of a city

(9 Marks)

(b) What is fire demand? How will you calculate fire demand

(5 Marks)

OR

12. (a) Explain the term "Design Period"

(5 Marks)

(b) Forecast the population of the town in the year 2040 from the following data using arithmetic increase method and geometric increase method

Year	1990	2000	2010	2020
Population	13400	19500	28500	36300

(9 Marks)

13. (a) Explain with sketches the types of aerators with advantages and limit	ations
	(6 Marks)
(b) Explain different types of settling OR	(8Marks)
14. (a) Explain the mechanisms of coagulation	(5 Marks)
(b) Design a plain sedimentation tank for treating 6 MLD of wat	er. Make suitable
assumption. Prepare a neat sketch	
	(9 Marks)
15. (a) Explain the theory of filtration	(5 Marks)
(b) Explain and compare various disinfection methods	(9Marks)
OR	
of filtered water for backwashing. Half hour per day is used for backnecessary data.  17. (a) Discuss the role of an equalization tank at a waste water treatment pla	(14 Marks)
	(4Marks)
(b) Discuss in detail various biological processes available for treating wa	aste water
	(10 marks)
OR	
18. (a)Explain primary, secondary and tertiary treatment phases	(5 Marks)
(b) Design an activated sludge plant treat 6.0 Mld of domestic sewage ha	ving a
BOD of 210 mg/l. The final effluent should have a BOD of 30 mg/l.	(9 Marks)
19. (a) Discusssludge treatment processes for safe disposal	(9 Marks)
(b) Explain the working of a UASB with neat sketch	(5 Marks)
OR	(=0=======)
20. Discuss natural waste water treatment systems with neat sketches	(14 Marks)

CET	ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT	CATEGORY	L	Т	P	CREDIT	Year of Introduction
362	ASSESSMENT	PEC	3	0	0	3	2019

**Preamble:** This course introduces the methodologies for identifying, predicting, evaluating and mitigating the impacts on environment due to any developmental project or activities. Students will learn how to prepare an impact assessment report and devise an environment management plan. Sufficient background will be provided on the environmental clearance procedures in India.

Prerequisite: NIL

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course the student will be able

Course Outcome	Description of Course Outcome	Prescribed learning level
CO1	To appreciate the need for minimizing the environmental impacts of developmental activities	Understanding
CO2	To understand environmental legislation & clearance procedure in the country	Remembering, Understanding
CO 3	To apply various methodologies for assessing the environmental impacts of any developmental activity	Applying &Analysing
CO 4	To prepare an environmental impact assessment report	Analysing& Evaluating
CO 5	To conduct an environmental audit	Analysing &Evaluating

## Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes (Minimum requirement)

	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	<b>PO</b> 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12
CO 1	-	-	- 101990	- I	N -	2 A	2	- 1	-	-	-	-
CO 2	-	-	-	-	-	2			-	-	-	-
CO 3	2	-	-	3	2	-	3	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	-	-	-	2	-	2	2	3	-	3	-	-
CO5	-	-	-	2	1	8 - 5	2	2	-	2	-	-

#### Assessment Pattern

Bloom's Category	Continuous A Tests	ssessment	End Semester Examination			
	1	2	1			
Remember	10	10	15			
Understand	10	10	/ A   A   15 /			
Apply	15	15	35			
Analyse	15	15	35			
Evaluate	JIIIV					
Create	TATIAZ					

## Mark distribution

Total Marks	CIE	ESE	ESE Duration
150	50	100	3 hours

## **Continuous Internal Evaluation Pattern:**

Attendance : 10 marks
Continuous Assessment Test (2 numbers) : 25 marks
Assignment/Quiz/Course project : 15 marks

End Semester Examination Pattern: There will be two parts; Part A and Part B. Part A contain 10 questions with 2 questions from each module, having 3 marks for each question. Students should answer all questions. Part B contains 2 questions from each module of which student should answer any one. Each question carries 14 marks and can have maximum 2 sub-divisions.

2014

#### Course Level Assessment Questions

CO1:To be able to appreciate the need for minimizing the environmental impacts of developmental activities

- 1. Explain the evolution of EIA in India
- 2. Explain why EIA is needed for developmental projects.
- 3. What are the different ways in which development projects impact the water quality and quantity?

## CO 2: To be able to understand environmental legislation & clearance procedure in the country

- 1.Two municipalities in Kerala plan to set up a Common Municipal Solid Waste Management Facility (CMSWMF). Explain the procedure required for the Environmental Clearance (EC) for the project as per the EIA Notification of 2006.(All CMSWMFs are category B projects)
- 2.Describe the procedure for obtaining environmental clearance according to EIA notification 2006.
- 3. The Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 is called an umbrella legislation. Substantiate the statement.

# CO3: To be able to apply various methodologies for assessing the environmental impacts of any developmental activity

- 1. Prepare a simple checklist for assessment of socio economic impact due to the development of a highway.
- 2. Explain overlay mapping as an EIA method
- 3. Explain how to predict the impact of a highway project on air quality

#### CO4: To be able to prepare an environmental impact assessment report

- 1. Explain the Terms of Reference (ToR) for EIA report of a highway project
- 2. Explain the structure of EIA report
- 3. Explain the importance of an environmental management plan.

#### CO5: To be able to conduct an environmental audit

- 1. Explain the need for environmental auditing
- 2. What are the different types of environmental audits?
- 3. Explain the importance of ISO 14001 standard.

#### **SYLLABUS**

#### Module 1

Definition, Need for EIA, Evolution of EIA: Global & Indian scenario -Environmental legislations in India- The Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act 1974, The Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act 1981, The Environmental (Protection) Act 1986- Environmental standards for water, air and noise quality- EIA Notification 2006

#### Module 2

Environmental clearance process in India: Screening, Scoping, Public Consultation, Appraisal-Form1-Category of projects-Generic structure of EIA report- Terms of Reference (ToR) -Types of EIA: strategic, regional, sectoral, project level- Rapid EIA and Comprehensive EIA- Initial Environmental Examination (IEE)

#### Module 3

EIA methodologies: Ad hoc, checklist, matrix, network and overlay-Impact Prediction, Evaluation and Mitigation-Prediction and assessment of the impact on water (surface water and groundwater), air, and noise environment- assessment of ecological impacts and Socio economic Impacts.

#### Module 4

Environmental Management Plan (EMP): Goal and purpose- Importance of EMP- Content of an EMP- Role of environmental monitoring program

Environment Audit: need for audit- audit types and benefits- environmental audit procedure ISO 14001 standards: Importance, salient features - Stages in implementation- Benefits

#### Module 5

EIA case studies (Indian)- a highway project, a hydro electric power plant, an air port project, a quarry mining project and a solid waste management project

#### **Text Books:**

- Larry W Canter, "Environmental Impact Assessment", McGraw Hill Inc., New York, 1995
- Betty Bowers Marriott, Environmental Impact Assessment: A Practical Guide, McGraw-Hill Professional, 1997
- 3. Environmental Impact Assessment, 2003, Y.Anjaneyulu, B.S Publications

#### References:

- 1. Lawrence, David P., Environmental Impact Assessment (Practical Solutions to Recurrent Problems), Wiley International, New Jersey.
- 2. Ministry of Environment & Forests, Govt. of India 2006 EIA Notification
- 3. Jain, R.K., Urban, L.V. and Stacey, G.S., Environment Impact Analysis, Von Nostrand Reinhold Company.

## Lecture Plan- Environmental Impact Assessment

Module	UNITOPICERSIT	Course Outcomes addressed	No. of Lectures							
1	Module 1: Total Lecture Hours -7									
1.1	Definition, Need for EIA, Evolution of EIA: Global & Indian scenario	CO1	1							
1.2	Environmental legislations in India- The Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act 1974, The Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act 1981, The Environmental (Protection) Act 1986	CO2	3							
1.3	Environmental standards for water, air and noise quality	CO2	1							
1.4	EIA Notification 2006	CO2	2							
2	Module II: Total Lecture Hou	Module II: Total Lecture Hours- 7								
2.1	Environmental clearance process in India: Screening, Scoping, Public Consultation, Appraisal-Form1- Category of projects	CO2	3							
2.2	Generic structure of EIA report- Terms of Reference (ToR)	CO4	1							
2.3	Types of EIA: strategic, regional, sectoral, project level-	CO3	1							
2.4	Rapid EIA and Comprehensive EIA	CO3	1							
2.5	Initial Environmental Examination (IEE)	CO3	1							
3	Module III: Total Lecture Ho	urs-7								
3.1	EIA methodologies: Ad hoc, checklist, matrix, network and overlay	CO3	3							
3.2	Impact Prediction, Evaluation and Mitigation- Prediction and assessment of the impact on water (surface water and groundwater), air, and noise	CO3	Leve							

	environment		
3.3	assessment of ecological impacts and Socio economic Impacts	CO3	2
4	Module IV: Total Lecture Ho	urs-7	
4.1	Environmental Management Plan (EMP): Goal and	CO4	2
	purpose- Importance of EMP- Content of an EMP	AAA	
4.2	Role of environmental monitoring program	CO4	1
4.3	Environment Audit: need for audit- audit types and benefits- environmental audit procedure	CO5	2
4.4	ISO 14001 standards: Importance, salient features - Stages in implementation- Benefits	CO5	2
5	Module V: Total Lecture Ho	urs-7	
5.1	EIA case studies (Indian)- a highway project	CO1, CO4	2
5.2	Hydro electric power plant, air port project	CO1, CO4	3
5.3	Quarry mining project, solid waste management project	CO1, CO4	3

#### Model Question Paper

Reg No.	.:Name:	
	APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIV SIXTH SEMESTER B. TECH DEGREE EXAMINA	
	Course Code: CET362 Course Name: ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSI	ESSMENT
Max. Ma	rks: 100 ECH Part A GIC	Duration: 3 Hours
	(Answer all questions; each question carries 3 m	arks)
1. Expla	in the need for EIA	
2. Why	environmental (protection) act, 1986 is called an umbrella act?	
3. Discu	ass screening of projects	
4. What	is rapid EIA?	
5. What	is ad hoc method for impact assessment?	
6. How	to predict the impact of a proposed food industry on the water quantum of the proposed food industry on the water quantum of the proposed food industry on the water quantum of the proposed food industry on the water quantum of the proposed food industry on the water quantum of the proposed food industry on the water quantum of the proposed food industry on the water quantum of the proposed food industry on the water quantum of the proposed food industry on the water quantum of the proposed food industry on the water quantum of the proposed food industry on the water quantum of the proposed food industry on the water quantum of the proposed food industry on the water quantum of the proposed food industry on the water quantum of the proposed food industry of the proposed food i	uality of a nearby river
7. Expla	uin the benefits of an environmental audit	
8. What	is ISO 14001 standard?	
9. What	are the impacts of a highway project on local air quality	
10. Discu	ass the environment monitoring program for a quarry mining ind	ustry.
	PART B	
	(Answer one full question from each module, each question	carries 14 marks)
11. (a) D	iscuss environmental standards for water, air and noise	(6 Marks)
(b) D	riscuss evolution of EIA in India	(8 Marks)
	OR	
12. (a) D	viscussAir (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act 1981	(5 Marks)
(b) E	xplain salient features of EIA notification 2006	(9 Marks)

OR

13. (a) Discuss environmental clearance process in India

(b) What is Form-1?

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(10 Marks)

(4 Marks)

(b) Explain different types of EIA  (10 Marks)  (b) How can air quality modelling help in assessing the impact on air (4 Marks)  OR  16. (a) Explain the steps to assess the impacts on the ecological environment due to a project  (7 Marks)  (b) Explain the steps involved in assessment of impacts on the water environment.  (7 Marks)  17. (a) What are the different types of Environmental Audit?  (5 Marks)  (b) Discuss the content of an environment management plan  OR  18. (a) Discuss the salient features of an Environmental Monitoring Plan  (5 Marks)  (b) Explain in detail the procedure for conducting an environmental audit (9 Marks)  Parks (14 Marks)  OR  20. Discuss how to assess the impacts of a hydro electric project  (14 Marks)	14. (a) What is Initial Environmental Examination?	(5 Marks)
(b) How can air quality modelling help in assessing the impact on air (4 Marks)  OR  16. (a) Explain the steps to assess the impacts on the ecological environment due to a project (7Marks) (b) Explain the steps involved in assessment of impacts on the water environment.  (7 Marks)  17. (a) What are the different types of Environmental Audit? (5 Marks) (b) Discuss the content of an environment management plan  OR  18. (a) Discuss the salient features of an Environmental Monitoring Plan (5 Marks) (b) Explain in detail the procedure for conducting an environmental audit (9 Marks)  19. Explain environmental clearance procedure for an airport (14 Marks)  OR	(b) Explain different types of EIA	(9 Marks)
OR  16. (a) Explain the steps to assess the impacts on the ecological environment due to a project (7Marks)  (b) Explain the steps involved in assessment of impacts on the water environment.  (7 Marks)  17. (a) What are the different types of Environmental Audit? (5 Marks)  (b) Discuss the content of an environment management plan (9 marks)  OR  18. (a) Discuss the salient features of an Environmental Monitoring Plan (5 Marks)  (b) Explain in detail the procedure for conducting an environmental audit (9 Marks)  19. Explain environmental clearance procedure for an airport (14 Marks)  OR	15. (a) Discuss in detail EIA methodologies	(10 Marks)
16. (a) Explain the steps to assess the impacts on the ecological environment due to a project (7Marks)  (b) Explain the steps involved in assessment of impacts on the water environment.  (7 Marks)  17. (a) What are the different types of Environmental Audit? (5 Marks)  (b) Discuss the content of an environment management plan (9 marks)  OR  18. (a) Discuss the salient features of an Environmental Monitoring Plan (5 Marks)  (b) Explain in detail the procedure for conducting an environmental audit (9 Marks)  19. Explain environmental clearance procedure for an airport (14 Marks)  OR	(b) How can air quality modelling help in assessing the impact on air	(4 Marks)
due to a project (7Marks)  (b) Explain the steps involved in assessment of impacts on the water environment.  (7 Marks)  17. (a) What are the different types of Environmental Audit? (5 Marks)  (b) Discuss the content of an environment management plan (9 marks)  OR  18. (a) Discuss the salient features of an Environmental Monitoring Plan (5 Marks)  (b) Explain in detail the procedure for conducting an environmental audit (9 Marks)  19. Explain environmental clearance procedure for an airport (14 Marks)  OR	A TYPE A TYPE OR THE A T	
(b) Explain the steps involved in assessment of impacts on the water environment.  (7 Marks)  17. (a) What are the different types of Environmental Audit?  (5 Marks)  (b) Discuss the content of an environment management plan  OR  18. (a) Discuss the salient features of an Environmental Monitoring Plan (5 Marks)  (b) Explain in detail the procedure for conducting an environmental audit (9 Marks)  19. Explain environmental clearance procedure for an airport  OR	16. (a) Explain the steps to assess the impacts on the ecological environm	ent
17. (a) What are the different types of Environmental Audit? (5 Marks) (b) Discuss the content of an environment management plan (9 marks)  OR  18. (a) Discuss the salient features of an Environmental Monitoring Plan (5 Marks) (b) Explain in detail the procedure for conducting an environmental audit (9 Marks)  19. Explain environmental clearance procedure for an airport (14 Marks)  OR	due to a project	(7Marks)
17. (a) What are the different types of Environmental Audit? (5 Marks) (b) Discuss the content of an environment management plan (9 marks)  OR  18. (a) Discuss the salient features of an Environmental Monitoring Plan (5 Marks) (b) Explain in detail the procedure for conducting an environmental audit (9 Marks)  19. Explain environmental clearance procedure for an airport (14 Marks)  OR	(b) Explain the steps involved in assessment of impacts on the water e	environment.
(b) Discuss the content of an environment management plan  OR  18. (a) Discuss the salient features of an Environmental Monitoring Plan (5 Marks)  (b) Explain in detail the procedure for conducting an environmental audit (9 Marks)  19. Explain environmental clearance procedure for an airport  OR		(7 Marks)
OR  18. (a) Discuss the salient features of an Environmental Monitoring Plan (5 Marks)  (b) Explain in detail the procedure for conducting an environmental audit (9 Marks)  19. Explain environmental clearance procedure for an airport (14 Marks)  OR	17. (a) What are the different types of Environmental Audit?	(5 Marks)
<ul> <li>18. (a) Discuss the salient features of an Environmental Monitoring Plan (5 Marks)</li> <li>(b) Explain in detail the procedure for conducting an environmental audit (9 Marks)</li> <li>19. Explain environmental clearance procedure for an airport OR</li> </ul>	(b) Discuss the content of an environment management plan	.(9 marks)
(b) Explain in detail the procedure for conducting an environmental audit (9 Marks)  19. Explain environmental clearance procedure for an airport OR  OR	OR	
19. Explain environmental clearance procedure for an airport OR (14 Marks)	18. (a) Discuss the salient features of an Environmental Monitoring Plan	(5 Marks)
OR	(b) Explain in detail the procedure for conducting an environmental at	udit (9 Marks)
	19. Explain environmental clearance procedure for an airport	(14 Marks)
20. Discuss how to assess the impacts of a hydro electric project (14 Marks)	OR	
	20. Discuss how to assess the impacts of a hydro electric project	(14 Marks)

CET455	ENVIRONMENTAL	CATEGORY	L	T	P	CREDIT	YEAR OF INTRODUCTION
	HEALTH AND SAFETY	OEC	2	1	0	3	2019

**Preamble:** The course is designed to build environmental health literacy among students and encourages them to take safety measures against various environmental hazards. It motivates the students in maintaining and improving the quality of the environment and empower learners to take appropriate actions to reduce the environment pollution.

Pre-requisite: Nil

Course outcome: After the course, the student will able to:

CO1	Explain the Toxicology and Occupational Health associated with industries.					
CO2 Identify chemical and microbial agents that originate in the environment an impact human health.						
CO3	Describe various measures to ensure safety in Construction industry.					
CO4	Explain the effect of air and water pollution on environment.					
CO5	Describe the safety measures against various environmental hazards.					

# Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3					25	cd2	N				
CO2	3					2	1					
CO3	3					2	2					
CO4	3					30	12	1				
CO5	3			Neg		2	2		W.			

#### Assessment pattern

Dlaam's	Continuous A	ssessment Tests	End Competer Enquiredies
Bloom's Category	Test 1 (Marks)	Test 2 (Marks)	End Semester Examination (Marks)
Remember	15	15	A 30 A
Understand	20	/ 20 1	V/ 1 L / 40 V l
Apply	TLIN	MA	CICAI
Analyze	15 11	V 15_	/30 _
Evaluate	TINI	VIEDS	
Create	OINI	VLIVO	l l l

#### **Continuous Internal Evaluation Pattern:**

Attendance : 10 marks
Continuous Assessment Test (2 numbers) : 25 marks
Assignment/Quiz/Course project : 15 marks
Total : 50 marks

End semester examination pattern – There will be two parts; Part A and Part B. Part A contain 10 questions with 2 questions from each module, having 3 marks for each question. Students should answer all questions. Part B contains 2 questions from each module of which student should answer any one. Each question can have maximum 2 sub-divisions and carry 14 marks.

Estd.

**Course Level Assessment Questions** 

Qn. No	Question 2014	Marks	Course outcome (CO) Assessed
	Part A		
1	What are the socio- economic reasons in safety?	3	CO1
2	Define industrial hygiene.	3	CO1
3	Define noise. What are the compensation aspects of noise?	3	CO2
4	Explain about the biohazard control program.	3	CO2



Discuss the possible electrical injuries in a construction industry.	3	CO3
What are the hazards due to radiation?	3	CO3
What are the criteria air pollutants?	A <sup>3</sup> A /	CO4
Describe the Depletion of Ozone Layer.	3 N	CO4
What are the benefits of safety inspection?	-371	CO5
Discuss the role of an individual in conservation of natural resources.	3	CO5
Part B  (Answer ANY ONE FULL question from each module)		
Module I		
Briefly explain about occupational related diseases found in the industries.	14	CO1
Write the short notes on :  (i) Silicosis (ii) Asbestosis (iii) Anthracosis  (iv) Anthrax.	14	CO1
Module II		
Write briefly about the classification of bio hazardous agents.	7	CO2
What are the precautionary measures for chemical hazards?	7	CO2
Write short notes on : (i) Vapour (ii) Fog (iii) Dust (iv) Fumes.	14	CO2
Module III	4	
Explain effects of radiation on human body and the methods of radioactive waste disposal.	14	CO3
What are the requirements for safe work platform?	7	CO3
Discuss about the scaffolding inspections.	7	CO3
Module IV		1
	industry.  What are the hazards due to radiation?  What are the criteria air pollutants?  Describe the Depletion of Ozone Layer.  What are the benefits of safety inspection?  Discuss the role of an individual in conservation of natural resources.  Part B (Answer ANY ONE FULL question from each module)  Module I  Briefly explain about occupational related diseases found in the industries.  Write the short notes on: (i) Silicosis (ii) Asbestosis (iii) Anthracosis (iv) Anthrax.  Module II  Write briefly about the classification of bio hazardous agents.  What are the precautionary measures for chemical hazards?  Write short notes on: (i) Vapour (ii) Fog (iii) Dust (iv) Fumes.  Module III  Explain effects of radiation on human body and the methods of radioactive waste disposal.  What are the requirements for safe work platform?  Discuss about the scaffolding inspections.	industry.  What are the hazards due to radiation?  What are the hazards due to radiation?  What are the criteria air pollutants?  Describe the Depletion of Ozone Layer.  What are the benefits of safety inspection?  Discuss the role of an individual in conservation of natural resources.  Part B (Answer ANY ONE FULL question from each module)  Module I  Briefly explain about occupational related diseases found in the industries.  Write the short notes on: (i) Silicosis (ii) Asbestosis (iii) Anthracosis (iv) Anthrax.  Module II  Write briefly about the classification of bio hazardous agents.  What are the precautionary measures for chemical hazards?  Write short notes on: (i) Vapour (ii) Fog (iii) Dust (iv) Fumes.  Module III  Explain effects of radiation on human body and the methods of radioactive waste disposal.  What are the requirements for safe work platform?  7  Discuss about the scaffolding inspections.  7

17	Describe the effect of air pollution on environment.	14	CO4
18	Describe the effect of water pollution on environment.	14	CO4
	A DI A DI Module V	A A	A .
19 (a)	What is First aid? Explain CPR.	Pyl	CO5
19 (b)	What are the important points to be considered in carrying out workplace inspection?	γAl	CO5
20 (a)	Explain the first aid measure to be taken during i)gas poisoning, ii)heart attack, iii)chemical splash and iv)electric shock.	10	CO5
20 (b)	Briefly explain the elementary first aid.	4	CO5

#### **Syllabus**

#### Module I

Introduction to Occupational Health And Toxicology: Safety at work – Socio – Economic reasons. Introduction to health and safety at various industries. occupational related diseases-Musculoskeletal disorders, hearing impairment, carcinogens, silicosis, asbestosis, pneumoconiosis – Toxic materials and substances used in work, exposure limits, toxicological investigation, Industrial Hygiene, Arrangements by organisations to protect the workers.

#### Module II

Chemical hazards- Dust, fumes, vapour, fog, gases; Methods of Control. Biological hazards-Classification of Biohazardous agents— bacterial agents, viral agents, fungal, parasitic agents, infectious diseases, control of biological agents at workplaces. Noise, noise exposure regulation and control.

#### Module III

**Safety in Construction industry -** Scaffolding and Working platform, Welding and Cutting, Excavation Work, Concreting, control measures to reduce the risk. Electrical Hazards, Protection against voltage fluctuations, Effects of shock on human body. Radiation Hazards, Types and effects of radiation on human body, disposal of radioactive waste.

#### Module IV

Air Pollution - air pollutants from industries, effect on human health, animals, plants and materials - depletion of ozone layer-concept of clean coal combustion technology.

Water Pollution - water pollutants-health hazards - effluent quality standards. Waste Management -waste identification, characterization and classification, recycling and reuse.

#### Module V

**Safe working environment** - The basic purpose and benefits of safety inspection, First-aid appliances, shelters, rest rooms and lunch rooms, use of personal protective equipment, Role of an individual in conservation of natural resources, Methods for controlling water pollution, role of individual in prevention of pollution.

#### **Text Books:**

- Environmental and Health and Safety Management by By Nicholas P. Cheremisinoff and Madelyn L. Graffia, William Andrew Inc. NY, 1995.
- 2. Effective Environmental, Health, and Safety Management Using the Team Approach by Bill Taylor, Culinary and Hospitality Industry Publications Services 2005.
- 3. The Facility Managers Guide to Environmental Health And Safety by Brian Gallant, Government Inst Publ., 2007.
- 4. R.K.Jain and Sunil S.Rao, Industrial Safety, Health and Environment Management Systems, Khanna publishers, New Delhi (2006).
- Mackenzie L Davis, Introduction to Environmental Engineering, McGrawhill Education (India).

#### References:

- 1. Slote. L, Handbook of Occupational Safety and Health, JohnWilleyand Sons, NewYork.
- 2. Heinrich H.W, Industrial Accident Prevention, McGrawHill Company, New York, 1980.
- 3. S.P.Mahajan, "Pollution control in process industries", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company, New Delhi, 1993.

# Course content and Schedule of Lecture

Module	Topic	Course outcome addressed	No of Hours
	ADIA R Module I (7 Hours)	M	
1.1	Introduction to Occupational Health And Toxicology.	CO1	
1.2	Safety at work – Socio – Economic reasons.	CO1	1
1.3	Introduction to health and safety at various industries.	CO1	1
1.4	Occupational related diseases- Musculoskeletal disorders, hearing impairment	CO1	1
1.5	Occupational related diseases - carcinogens, silicosis, asbestosis, pneumoconiosis.	CO1	1
1.6	Toxic materials and substances used in work.	CO1	1
1.7	Exposure limits, toxicological investigation.	COI	1
1.8	Industrial Hygiene.	CO1	1
1.9	Arrangements by organisations to protect the workers.	CO1	1
	Module II (7 Hours)		
2.1	Chemical hazards.	CO2	1
2.2	Dust, fumes, vapour, fog, gases.	CO2	1
2.3	Methods of Control.	CO2	1
2.4	Biological hazards.	CO2	1
2.5	Classification of Biohazardous agents.	CO2	1
2.6	Bacterial agents, viral agents, fungal, parasitic agents, infectious diseases.	CO2	1
2.7	Control of biological agents at workplaces.	CO2	1
2.8	Noise.	CO2	1
2.9	Noise exposure regulation and control.	CO2	1

#### Module III (7 Hours)

	Module III (7 Hours)		
3.1	Safety in Construction industry- Scaffolding and Working platform.	CO3	1
3.2	Welding and Cutting, Excavation Work, Concreting.	CO3	
3.3	Control measures to reduce the risk.	CO3	1
3.4	Electrical Hazards.	CO3	1
3.5	Protection against voltage fluctuations.	CO3	1
3.6	Effects of shock on human body, Radiation Hazards	CO3	1
3.7	Types and effects of radiation on human body.	CO3	1
3.8	Disposal of radioactive waste.	CO3	1
	Module IV (7 Hours)	L.	
4.1	Air Pollution - air pollutants from industries.	CO4	
4.2	Effect on human health, animals.	CO4	1
4.3	Plants and Materials - depletion of ozone layer.	CO4	1
4.4	Concept of clean coal combustion technology.	CO4	1
4.5	Water Pollution - water pollutants.	CO4	1
4.6	Health hazards - effluent quality standards.	CO4	1
4.7	Waste Management-waste identification.	CO4	1
4.8	Characterization and classification.	CO4	1
4.9	Recycling and reuse.	CO4	1
	Module V (7 Hours)		
5.1	Safe working environment.	CO5	1
5.2	The basic purpose and benefits of safety inspection.	CO5	1
5.3	First-aid appliances.	CO5	1

5.4	Shelters, rest rooms and lunch rooms.	CO5	1
5.5	Use of personal protective equipment.	CO5	1

5.6	Role of an individual in conservation of natural resources.	CO5	1
5.7	Methods for controlling water pollution.	CO5	1
5.8	Role of individual in prevention of pollution.	CO5	1

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rivaer Question raper	
Reg. No.:	QP CODE:
Name:	

# APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY SEVENTH SEMESTER B.TECH DEGREE EXAMINATION, MONTH & YEAR COURSE CODE: CET 455 ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH AND SAFETY

Max. Marks: 100

Model Question Paner

**Duration: 3 hours** 

#### Part A

(Answer all questions; each question carries 3 marks)

- 1. What are the socio- economic reasons in safety?
- 2. Define industrial hygiene.
- 3. Define noise. What are the compensation aspects of noise?
- 4. Explain about the biohazard control program.
- 5. Discuss the possible electrical injuries in a construction industry.
- 6. What are the hazards due to radiation?
- 7. What are the criteria air pollutants?
- 8. Describe the Depletion of Ozone Layer.

- 9. What are the benefits of safety inspection?
- 10. Discuss the role of an individual in conservation of natural resources.

#### Part B

(Answer one full question from each module; each question carries 14 marks)

#### Module I

11. Briefly explain about occupational related diseases found in the industries. (14 Marks)

OR

12. Write the short notes on:

(14 Marks)

- (i) Silicosis
- (ii) Asbestosis
- (iii) Anthracosis
- (iv) Anthrax.

#### Module II

13. (a) Write briefly about the classification of bio hazardous agents.

(7 Marks)

(b) What are the precautionary measures for chemical hazards?

(7 Marks)

OR

14. Write short notes on:

(14 Marks)

(i) Vapour (ii) Fog (iii) Dust (iv) Fumes.

# Estd. Module III

15. Explain effects of radiation on human body and the methods of radioactive waste disposal.

(14 Marks)

OR

16. (a) What are the requirements for safe work platform?

(7 Marks)

(b) Discuss about the scaffolding inspections.

(7 Marks)

#### Module IV

17. Describe the effect of air pollution on environment.

(14 Marks)

OR

18. Describe the effect of water pollution on environment.

(14 Marks)

#### Module V

19. (a) What are the important points in carrying out workplace inspection? (7)

(7 Marks)

(b) What is First aid? Explain CPR.

(7 Marks)

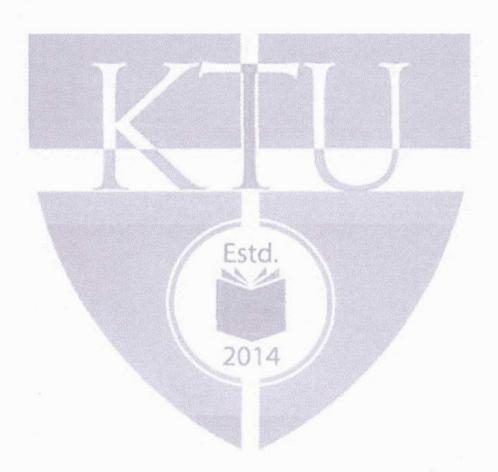
OR

20. (a) Explain the first aid measure to be taken during gas poisoning, heart attack, chemical splash and electric shock.

(10 Marks)

(b) Briefly explain the elementary first aid.

(4 Marks)



#### **ELECTRONICS & COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING**

ECT460	RENEWABLE ENRGY	CATEGORY	L	T	P	CREDIT
ECT468	SYSTEMS	PEC	2	1	0	3

**Preamble:** This course helps the students to understand environmental issues with conventional fuels, the new methodologies/technologies for the effective utilization of renewable energy sources. They will be conversant with the characteristics of solar PV and wind power sources. Also, they will have an in-depth understanding of electronic conversion systems application to renewable energy generation systems and the synchronization with smart grid systems. The courses equip the students to pursue further specialized areas of study such as renewable energy and green consumer electronics, industrial control systems and smart grid, and renewable energy system which are essentially based on this course.

Prerequisite: Nil

Course Outcomes - After the completion of the course the student will be able to

CO1	Understand the need, importance and scope of various Non-Conventional sources of energy
CO2	Outline the concepts and technologies related to renewable energy systems using wind and Solar-PV
CO3	Understand the integration of smart grid with renewable energy systems
CO4	Explain the concept of distribution management system.
CO5	Describe the fundamentals of Smart metering

## Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
COI	2						2					- 1
CO2	2											
CO3	2		1									
CO4	2											
CO5	3			1								

#### **Assessment Pattern**

Bloom's	Continuous As	ssessment Tests	End Semester Examination (Marks)		
taxonomy	Test 1 (Marks)	Test II (Marks)			
Remember	10	10	20		
Understand	30	30	60		
Apply	10	10	20		
Analyse			./.		
Evaluate			DO .		
Create					

# ELECTRONICS & COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING SYLLABUS

#### Module I

Introduction to Renewable Energy (RE)Sources:World energy scenario, Over view of conventional energy sources, their limitation, need of renewable energy, potential & development of renewable energy sources,Renewable energy in India, An overview of types of renewable energy systems - Wind power, Hydropower (micro and mini), Solar energy, Biomass, Bio-fuel, Geothermal Heat energy, Pros and cons; Applications.

#### Module II

Solar Energy: Introduction to photovoltaic (PV) systems - Principle of PV conversion; Commercial solar cell, Thin film PV device fabrication - LPCVD, APCVD, PECVD; Tandem Solar cell fabrication; Solar power extraction using PV-Cells, I-V Characteristics, PV-Inverters without D.C. to D.C. converters, stand alone and grid collected PV systems, Grid interfacing-with isolation, without isolation, Maximum power point tracking-Methods(MPPT), PV-Inverters with D.C. to D.C. converters-on low frequency side and high frequency side with isolation, without isolation.

#### Module III

Wind Energy: Sources and potentials, Evaluation of Wind Intensity, Topography, General Classification of Wind Turbines-Rotor Turbines, Multiple-Blade Turbines, Drag Turbines, Lifting Turbines, System Toroidal Rotor Amplifier Platform (TARP)—Wind amplified rotor platform (WARP), Generators and speed control used in wind power energy: Fixed speed with capacitor bank, Rotor resistance control, SCIG and DFIG, Synchronous Generator-external magnetized, Synchronous Generator-permanent magnets.

#### Module IV

Electronic conversion systems application to renewable energy generation systems: Basic schemes and functional advantages, Power control and management systems for grid integration, island detection systems, synchronizing with the grid; Issues in integration of converter based sources; Network voltage management; Power quality management and Frequency management; Influence of PV/WECS on system transient response

#### Module V

Introduction to grid connectivity of RE systems, smart grid and emerging technologies, operating principles and models of smart gird components, key technologies for generation, networks, loads and their control capabilities; Evolution of electricity metering, key components of smart metering, overview of the hardware used for smart meters, smart metering protocols. Structure and main components of a distribution management system. Supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA), distribution system modelling, new trends for smart grids, topology analysis, power flow analysis.

#### Text books:

- Nayak J. K. and Sukhatme S. P. (2006), Solar Energy: Principles of Thermal Collection and Storage, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 2. Muhannad H. R. (2004); Power Electronics: Circuits, Devices and Applications, Pearson Prentice Hall.
- 3. Nick Jenkins, JanakaEkanayake, [et al.] Smart Grid Technology and Applications, Wiley India Ltd.
- Ali Keyhani, Design of Smart Power Grid Renewable Energy Systems, Wiley-IEEE Press 2016.

#### Suggested Readings:

- 1. Non-Conventional Energy Sources /G.D. Rai
- 2. Renewable Energy Technologies /Ramesh & Kumar /Narosa
- 3. Integration of alternative sources of energy /Felix A. Farret, M. Godoy simoes
- Wind power plants and projects developments, Joshua Earnest and T Wizelius, PHI, New Delhi, 2011.
- Handbook of renewable energy technology, World Scientific, Singapore, 2011.
- Garg H. P. and Prakash S. (2000); Solar Energy: Fundamental and Application, Tata McGraw Hill
- 7. Goswami D. Y. (2015); Principles of Solar Engineering, Taylor and Francis
- 8. Gellings C. W. (2009); The Smart Grid: Enabling Energy Efficiency and Demand Response, First Edition, CRC Press
- Teodorescu R. Liserre M. Rodriguez P. (2011); Grid Converters for Photovoltaic and Wind Power Systems, First Edition, Wiley-IEEE Press
- 10. Ali Keyhani, Muhammad Marwali, *Smart Power Grids 2011*, Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg 2012.

#### **Course Contents And Lecture Schedule**

	lectures				
Module 1:Introduction to Renewable Energy (RE) Sources					
World energy scenario, Over view of conventional energy sources, their limitation	1				
Over view of conventional energy sources, their limitation,	1				
need of renewable energy, need, potential & development of renewable energy sources, Renewable Energy in India	1				
An overview of types of renewable energy systems	1				
Wind power, Hydropower (micro and mini)	1				
Solar energy, Biomass, Bio-fuel, Geothermal Heat energy	Cedu				
Pros and cons; Applications	1				
	World energy scenario, Over view of conventional energy sources, their limitation  Over view of conventional energy sources, their limitation,  need of renewable energy, need, potential & development of renewable energy sources, Renewable Energy in India  An overview of types of renewable energy systems  Wind power, Hydropower (micro and mini)  Solar energy, Biomass, Bio-fuel, Geothermal Heat energy				

	INDUSTRIAL SAFETY	Category	L	T	P	CREDIT
MCN401	ENGINERING	OEC	2	1	0	3

**Preamble**: The course is intended to give knowledge of various safety management principles, various safety systems, various machine guarding devices, hazard identification techniques, energy sources, systems & applications and the need in the present context. Learners will be able to compare different hazard identification tools and choose the most appropriate based on the nature of industry. It aims to equip students in working with projects and to take up research work in connected areas

Prerequisite: Nil

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course the student will be able to

CO1	Describe the theories of accident causation and preventive measures of industrial accidents. (Cognitive Knowledge level: <b>Understand</b> )
CO2	Explain about personal protective equipment, its selection, safety performance & indicators and importance of housekeeping. (Cognitive Knowledge level: Understand)
CO3	Explain different issues in construction industries. (Cognitive Knowledge level: Understand)
CO4	Describe various hazards associated with different machines and mechanical material handling. (Cognitive Knowledge level: <b>Understand</b> )
CO5	Utilise different hazard identification tools in different industries with the knowledge of different types of chemical hazards. (Cognitive Knowledge level: <b>Apply</b> )

# Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2	2				2	2	2				1
CO2	2	1	2		1	1	1	1				1
CO3	2	2	2		1	1	1	1	1	1		1
CO4	2	2	2		1	1	1	1	1	1		1
CO5	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		1

	Abstract POs defined by National Board of Accreditation							
PO1	Engineering Knowledge	PO7	Environment and Sustainability					
PO2	Problem Analysis	PO8	Ethics					
PO3	Design/Development of solutions	PO9	Individual and team work					
PO4	Conduct investigations of complex problems	PO10	Communication					
PO5	Modern tool usage	PO11	Project Management and Finance					
PO6	The Engineer and Society	PO12	Life long learning					

# **Assessment Pattern**

	Continuous Ass	essment Tests	Ford Companies Franciscotion
	1	2	End Semester Examination
Remember	10	10	10
Understand	20	20	20
Apply	20	20	70
Analyse			
Evaluate			
Create			

#### Mark distribution:

Total Marks	CIE Marks	ESE Marks	<b>ESE Duration</b>
150	50	100	3 hours

#### **Continuous Internal Evaluation Pattern:**

Attendance : 10 marks

Continuous Assessment - Test : 25 marks

Continuous Assessment - Assignment : 15 marks

#### **Internal Examination Pattern:**

Each of the two internal examinations has to be conducted out of 50 marks. First series test shall be preferably conducted after completing the first half of the syllabus and the second series test shall be preferably conducted after completing remaining part of the syllabus. There will be two parts: Part A and Part B. Part A contains 5 questions (preferably, 2 questions each from the completed modules and 1 question from the partly completed module), having 3 marks for each question adding up to 15 marks for part A. Students should answer all questions from Part A. Part B contains 7 questions (preferably, 3 questions each from the completed modules and 1 question from the partly completed module), each with 7 marks. Out of the 7 questions, a student should answer any 5.

#### **End Semester Examination Pattern:**

There will be two parts; Part A and Part B. Part A contains 10 questions with 2 questions from each module, having 3 marks for each question. Students should answer all questions. Part B contains 2 questions from each module of which a student should answer any one. Each question can have maximum 2 sub-divisions and carries 14 marks.

# **Syllabus**

# MCN401- Industrial Safety Engineering (35 hrs)

# Module I (safety introduction- 5 hrs)

Need for safety. Safety and productivity. Definitions: Accident, Injury, Unsafe act, Unsafe Condition, Dangerous Occurrence, Reportable accidents. Theories of accident causation. Safety organization- objectives, types, functions, Role of management, supervisors, workmen, unions, government and voluntary agencies in safety. Safety policy. Safety Officer-responsibilities, authority. Safety committee-need, types, advantages.

# Module II (Personal protection in work environment- 7 hrs)

Personal protection in the work environment, Types of PPEs, Personal protective equipment-respiratory and non-respiratory equipment. Standards related to PPEs. Monitoring Safety Performance: Frequency rate, severity rate, incidence rate, activity rate. Housekeeping: Responsibility of management and employees. Advantages of good housekeeping. 5 s of housekeeping. Work permit system- objectives, hot work and cold work permits. Typical industrial models and methodology. Entry into confined spaces.

### Module III (safety issues in construction- 7 hrs)

Introduction to construction industry and safety issues in construction Safety in various construction operations – Excavation and filling – Under-water works – Under-pinning & Shoring – Ladders & Scaffolds – Tunneling – Blasting – Demolition – Confined space – Temporary Structures. Familiarization with relevant Indian Standards and the National Building Code provisions on construction safety. Relevance of ergonomics in construction safety. Ergonomics Hazards - Musculoskeletal Disorders and Cumulative Trauma Disorders.

#### Module IV (safety hazards in machines- 8 hrs)

Machinery safeguard-Point-of-Operation, Principle of machine guarding -types of guards and devices. Safety in turning, and grinding. Welding and Cutting-Safety Precautions of Gas

welding and Arc Welding. Material Handling-Classification-safety consideration- manual and mechanical handling. Handling assessments and techniques- lifting, carrying, pulling, pushing, palletizing and stocking. Material Handling equipment-operation & maintenance. Maintenance of common elements-wire rope, chains slings, hooks, clamps. Hearing Conservation Program in Production industries.

# Module V (hazard identification and analysis- 8 hrs)

Hazard and risk, Types of hazards —Classification of Fire, Types of Fire extinguishers, fire explosion and toxic gas release, Structure of hazard identification and risk assessment. Identification of hazards: Inventory analysis, Fire and explosion hazard rating of process plants - The Dow Fire and Explosion Hazard Index, Preliminary hazard analysis, Hazard and Operability study (HAZOP)) — methodology, criticality analysis, corrective action and follow-up. Control of Chemical Hazards, Hazardous properties of chemicals, Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS).

#### **Text Books:**

- R.K Jain (2000) Industrial Safety, Health and Environment management systems, Khanna Publications.
- Paul S V (2000), Safety management System and Documentation training Programme handbook, CBS Publication.
- Krishnan, N.V. (1997). Safety management in Industry. Jaico Publishing House, New Delhi.
- John V. Grimaldi and Rollin H.Simonds. (1989) Safety management. All India Traveller Book Seller, Delhi.
- 5. Ronald P. Blake. (1973). Industrial safety. Prentice Hall, New Delhi.
- 6. Alan Waring. (1996). Safety management system. Chapman & Hall, England.
- Vaid, K.N., (1988). Construction safety management. National Institute of Construction Management and Research, Mumbai.

 AIChE/CCPS. (1992). Guidelines for Hazard Evaluation Procedures. (second edition).
 Centre for Chemical Process Safety, American Institute of Chemical Engineers, New York.

# **Course Level Assessment Questions:**

# Course Outcome 1 (CO1):

- 1. Which are the various accident causation theories? Explain.
- 2. Define terms: Accident, Reportable accident, Dangerous occurrence.

# Course Outcome 2 (CO2):

- 1. Discuss different types of personal protective equipment
- 2. Discuss about how to compare the safety performance of two industries.
- 3. Discuss the significance of work permit system in accident prevention.

# Course Outcome 3 (CO3):

- 1. Distinguish ladders and scaffolds along with their safety features.
- 2. Discuss the safety requirement for a confined space entry.
- 3. Explain the important provision in the National Building Code.

# Course Outcome 4 (CO4):

- 1. Explain the various principles used in machine guarding.
- 2. Explain the issues in mechanical material handling.

# Course Outcome 5 (CO5):

- 1. Selection of different types of fire extinguishers accordance to type of fire.
- 2. Conduct a HAZOP study for a batch rector of your choice.
- 3. Determine different types of Chemical hazards associated with industries

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# MODEL QUESTION PAPER

# APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY VII SEMESTER B. TECH DEGREE EXAMINATION MCN401- INDUSTRIAL SAFETY ENGINEERING

Maximum: 100 Marks Duration: 3 hours

## PART A

Answer all questions, each question carries 3 marks

- 1. Differentiate Unsafe act and Unsafe conditions with suitable examples
- Discuss the significance of a safety committee in improving the safety performance of an industry
- 3. Which are the different types of permit? Highlight its suitability.
- 4. Which are five 'S' used in housekeeping?
- 5. List the various safety features of ladders.
- 6. How safety of the workers can be ensured during a demolition operations.
- 7. Which are the hazards associated with manual material handling?
- 8. Discuss the safety issues of Gas welding operations.
- 9. Differentiate Hazard and Risk.
- 10. Why MSDS is mandatory for chemical products.

(10 X 3 = 30 Marks)

#### PART B

Answer one full question from each module

#### Module 1

- 11. List the various accident causation theories and explain any one in details. (14 Marks)
- 12. a) Discuss the significance of safety policy in reducing the accidents. (4 Marks)
  - b) Safety and productivity are the two sides of a coin'. Are you agreeing with this statement? Explain with your arguments. (10 Marks)

#### Module 2

 a) Classify the personal protective equipment. List the suitability of at least fifteen types of PPEs.
 (10 Marks)

b) How will you calculate the frequency rate? Explain with an example. (4 Marks) 14. a) How will you compare the safety performance of two industries? Explain with suitable example. (10 Marks) b) Which are the steps to be followed in confined space entry to protect the life a worker. (4 Marks) Module 3 15. Discuss the safety and fire protection facilities required for a high rise building as per National building code. (14 Marks) 16. a) Identify the various hazards during the different stages of building construction. (7 Marks) b) Discuss the important types of ergonomic hazards associated with industries.(7 Marks) Module 4 17. Which are the various types of machine guarding devices used industries. Discuss the suitability of each machine guarding devices. (14 Marks) 18. With suitable sketches briefly explain seven defects of wire ropes. (14 Marks)

# Module 5

19. What is Hazard and Operability Analysis? How do you conduct a HAZOP analysis?

(14 Marks)

20. Discuss about different types of chemical hazards.

(14 Marks)

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ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY, PAYYANUR
KANNUR

# **Course Contents and Lecture Schedule**

No.	Торіс	No. of Lectures/ Tutorials L-T
1	Introduction to Industrial safety Engineering	
1.1	Need for safety. Safety and productivity. Definitions: Accident, Injury, Unsafe act, Unsafe Condition, Dangerous Occurrence. Reportable accidents	1
1.2	Theories of accident causation. Safety organization.	2
1.3	Role of management, supervisors, workmen, unions, government and voluntary agencies in safety.	3
1.4	Safety Officer-responsibilities, authority.	4
1.5	Safety committee-need, types, advantages.	5
2	Personal protection in the work environment	
2.1	Types of PPEs, respiratory and non-respiratory equipment.	6
2.2	Standards related to PPEs	7
2.3	Monitoring Safety Performance: Frequency rate, severity rate	8,
2.4	Monitoring Safety Performance: incidence rate, activity rate.	9
2.5	Housekeeping: Responsibility of management and employees. Advantages of good housekeeping. 5 s of housekeeping.	10
2.6	Work permit system- objectives, hot work and cold work permits.	11
2.7	Typical industrial models and methodology. Entry into confined spaces.	12
3	Introduction to construction industry and safety	
3.1	Excavation and filling - Under-water works - Under-pinning & Shoring	13
3.2	Ladders & Scaffolds – Tunneling	14
3.3	Blasting –Demolition – Confined space	15
3.4	Familiarization with relevant Indian Standards and the National Building Code provisions on construction safety.	16
3.5	Relevance of ergonomics in construction safety.	17
3.6	Ergonomics Hazards	18
3.7	Musculoskeletal Disorders and Cumulative Trauma Disorders.	19
4	Machinery safeguard	0/11

4.1	Point-of-Operation, Principle of machine guarding -	20
4.2	Types of guards and devices.	21
4.3	Safety in Power Presses, primary & secondary operations - shearing -bending - rolling - drawing.	22
4.4	Safety in turning, boring, milling, planning and grinding.	23
4.5	Welding and Cutting-Safety Precautions of Gas welding and Arc Welding,	24
4.6	Cutting and Finishing.	<b>25</b>
4.7	Material Handling-Classification-safety consideration- manual and mechanical handling. Handling assessments and techniques- lifting, carrying, pulling, pushing, palletizing and stocking.	26
4.8	Material Handling equipment-operation & maintenance. Maintenance of common elements-wire rope, chains slings, hooks, clamps	27
5	Hazard identification	1507-4110-2-2007-0-1-0-2-
5.1	Hazard and risk, Types of hazards – Classification of Fire	28
5.2	Types of Fire extinguishers fire, explosion and toxic gas release.	29
5.3	Inventory analysis, Fire and explosion hazard rating of process plants -	30
5.4	The Dow Fire and Explosion Hazard Index.	31
5.5	Preliminary hazard analysis, Hazard and Operability study (HAZOP)	32
5.6	Chemical hazard- Classifications, Control of Chemical Hazards.	33
5.7	Hazardous properties of chemicals	34
5.8	Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS).	35

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CODE	COURSE NAME	CATEGORY	L	T	P	CREDITS
ЕЕТ322	RENEWABLE ENERGY SYSTEMS	PEC	2	1	0	3

Preamble

: This course introduces about different new and renewable sources of

energy. Design of some of the systems are also discussed

Prerequisite

: Power Systems I

**Course Outcomes** 

: After the completion of the course the student will be able to:

CO 1	Describe the environmental aspects of renewable energy resources.	
CO 2	Explain the operation of various renewable energy systems.	
CO 3	Design solar PV systems.	
CO 4	Explain different emerging energy conversion technologies and storage.	

# Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12
CO 1	3	3				HE						2
CO 2	3	3										2
CO3	3	3	PER PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PER PROPERTY ADDRESS OF THE PER PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PER PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PER PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PER PROPERTY ADDRESS O							A COLUMN TO SERVICE		2
CO 4	3	3						September 1	13/			2

#### **Assessment Pattern**

Bloom's Category	Continuous As Tests	End Semester Examination				
	1	2				
Remember (K1)	10	10	10			
Understand (K2)	20	20	40			
Apply (K3)	20	20	50			
Analyse (K4)		100 L/VI - 111	-			
Evaluate (K5)			-			
Create (K6)	•	-	-			

End Semester Examination Pattern: There will be two parts; Part A and Part B. Part A contain 10 questions with 2 questions from each module, having 3 marks for each question. Students should answer all questions. Part B contains 2 questions from each module of which student should answer any one. Each question can have maximum 2 sub-divisions and carry 14 marks.

# Course Level Assessment Questions

# Course Outcome 1 (CO1):

- 1. Explain the environmental impacts of wind energy systems. (K1)
- 2. Explain the limitations of renewable energy systems (K2)

# Course Outcome 2 (CO2):

- With the help of a block diagram, explain the working of a wind energy conversion system. (K2)
- 2. Explain the working of a small hydro power plant with the help of a diagram. (K2)

# Course Outcome 3 (CO3):

- 1. Design a grid connected solar photovoltaic system. (K3).
- 2. Design a solar photovoltaic system for a water pumping system. (K3).

# Course Outcome 4 (CO4):

- 1. Explain how energy can be generated from alcohol. (K2)
- 2. Explain the need for energy storage systems. Discuss how energy can be stored in batteries. (K2).

wiodei Question paper	
QP CODE:	PAGES: 2
Reg. No:	r AGES. 2
Name:	

# APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY SIXTH SEMESTER B.TECH DEGREE EXAMINATION, MONTH & YEAR Course Code: EET322

Course Name: RENEWABLE ENERGY SYSTEMS

Max. Marks: 100 Duration: 3 Hours

# PART A $(3 \times 10 = 30 \text{ Marks})$

# Answer all Questions. Each question carries 3 Marks

- 1. What do you mean by global warming? Explain its adverse effects.
- 2. Write notes on Indian energy scenario.
- Determine the local apparent time corresponding to 11.30 IST on July 1, at Delhi (280 35' N,770 12'E). The equation of time correction on July 1 is -4 minutes.
- 4. Draw and explain the V- I characteristics of a solar cell.
- 5. Define tip speed ratio, cut in speed and cut out speed of a wind turbine.

- Explain the factors to be considered for the selection of small hydro plants.
- 7. Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of tidal power plants.
- 8. Explain the principle of operation of an OTEC plant. What are its advantages?
- 9. Explain how power can be derived from satellite stations.
- 10. Explain how energy can be stored using flywheels.

# PART B $(14 \times 5 = 70 \text{ Marks})$

# Answer any one full question from each module. Each question carries 14 Marks

- Module 1 11. a. Illustrate the relation between energy and sustainable development. (4) b. Compare the advantages and disadvantages of different conventional sources of energy. 12. a. Write notes on Kyoto protocol. (4) b. List out the advantages and disadvantages of different non-conventional sources of (10)Module 2 13. a. With the help of a diagram, explain the working of a pyrheliometer. (7) b. Explain how a standalone solar PV system can be designed. (7) 14. a. With the help of a diagram, explain the working of a flat plate collector. (7)b. Explain how Maximum Power Point Tracking can be done using a buck boostconverter. (7) Module 3 15. a. Derive an expression for power derived from wind. Explain the characteristic of awind b. A propeller wind machine has rotor diameter of 40 m. It is operating at location having wind speed of 35kmph and rotating at 20 rpm. Calculate theoretically the power which the machine can extract from the wind considering both wake rotation
- 16. a. With the help of a diagram, explain a wind energy conversion system with variablespeed drive scheme. (8)
  - b. Explain the different types of turbines used in small hydro plants. (6)

# Module 4

17. With the help of a diagram, explain the working of different types of tidal powerplants.

(14)

(7)

18. a. With the help of a diagram, explain the working of an OTEC system using hybridcycle.

(10)

b. Write notes on the factors to be considered for site selection of OTEC plants. (4)

#### Module 5

19. a. With the help of a diagram, explain biomass gasification based electric powergeneration.

(8)

b. Explain the working of a fuel cell with the help of a diagram

(6)

20. a. With the help of a diagram, explain the working of KVIC model biogas plant.

(10)

b. Write notes on pumped storage plants

and effect of drag. Assume  $\xi$ =.012.

### **Syllabus**

#### Module 1

Introduction, Environmental Aspects Of Energy-Ecology-Greenhouse Effect-Global Warming-Pollution-Various Pollutants and their Harmful Effects-Green Power-The United Nations Framework Convention On Climate Change (UNFCC)- Environment-Economy-Energy and Sustainable development-Kyoto Protocol -Classification of Energy Resources; Conventional Energy Resources -Availability and their limitations; Non-Conventional Energy Resources -Classification, Advantages, Limitations; Comparison of Conventional and Non-Conventional Energy Resources; World Energy Scenario; Indian Energy Scenario.

#### Module 2

SOLAR THERMAL SYSTEMS: Introduction, Solar Constant, Basic Sun-Earth Angles, Measurement of Solar Radiation Data(Numerical Problems)—Pyranometer and Pyrheliometer -Solar Thermal Collectors —General description and characteristics —Flat plate collectors — Heat transfer processes —Solar concentrators(Parabolic trough, Parabolic dish, Central Tower Collector)

SOLAR ELECTRIC SYSTEMS: Introduction- Solar Photovoltaic -Solar Cell fundamentals, characteristics, classification, construction of Module, Panel and Array-Effect of shadowing-Maximum Power Point Tracker (MPPT) using buck-boost converter. Solar PV Systems - stand-alone and grid connected-Design steps for a Stand-Alone system; Applications -Street lighting, Domestic lighting and Solar Water pumping systems.

#### Module 3

Wind Energy-Introduction-Wind Turbine Types (HAWT and VAWT) and their construction- Wind power curve-Betz's Law-Power from a wind turbine(Numerical Problems)-Wind energy conversion system(WECS) — Fixed-speed drive scheme-Variable speed drive scheme.-Effect of wind speed and grid condition(system integration).

Small hydro power: Classification as micro, mini and small hydro projects -Basic concepts and types of turbines - Classification, Characteristics and Selection

#### Module 4

ENERGY FROM OCEAN: Tidal Energy –Principle of Tidal Power, Components of Tidal Power Plant (TPP), Classification of Tidal Power Plants, Advantages and Limitations of TPP. Ocean Thermal Energy Conversion (OTEC): Principle of OTEC system, Methods of OTEC power generation –Open Cycle (Claude cycle), Closed Cycle (Anderson cycle) and Hybrid cycle (block diagram description of OTEC); Site-selection criteria, Biofouling, Advantages & Limitations of OTEC.

#### Module 5

BIOMASS ENERGY: Introduction, Photosynthesis process, Biomass fuels, Biomass conversion technologies, Urban waste to Energy Conversion, factors affecting biogas generation, types of biogas plants –KVIC and Janata model;.

EMERGING TECHNOLOGIES: Fuel Cell, Hydrogen Energy, alcohol energy and power from satellite stations.

**ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING** 

ENERGY STORAGE: Necessity Of Energy Storage-Pumped storage-Compressed air storage-Flywheel storage-Batteries storage-Hydrogen storage.

#### References:

- 1. A.A.M. Saigh(Ed): Solar Energy Engineering, Academic Press, 1977
- Abbasi S. A. and N. Abbasi, Renewable Energy Sources and Their EnvironmentalImpact, Prentice Hall of India, 2001.
- Thomas E. Kissell, David M. Buchla, Thomas L. Floyd, Renewable energy systems, Pearson 2017
- Boyle G. (ed.), Renewable Energy -Power for Sustainable Future, Oxford University Press, 1996
- Earnest J. and T. Wizelius, Wind Power Plants and Project Development, PHI Learning, 2011.
- 6. F. Kreith and J.F. Kreider: Principles of Solar Engineering, McGraw Hill, 1978
- G.N. Tiwari: Solar Energy-Fundamentals, Design, Modelling and Applications, Narosa Publishers, 2002
- 8. J.A. Duffie and W.A. Beckman: Solar Energy Thermal Processes, J. Wiley, 1994
- Johansson T. B., H. Kelly, A. K. N. Reddy and R. H. Williams, Renewable Energy Sources for Fuel and Electricity, Earth scan Publications, London, 1993.
- 10. Khan B. H., Non-Conventional Energy Resources, Tata McGraw Hill, 2009.
- D.P.Kothari, K.C.Singal, RakeshRanjan, Renewable Energy Sources and Emerging Technologies, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2009
- 12. Rao S. and B. B. Parulekar, Energy Technology, Khanna Publishers, 1999.
- 13. Sab S. L., Renewable and Novel Energy Sources, MI. Publications, 1995.
- 14. Sawhney G. S., Non-Conventional Energy Resources, PHI Learning, 2012.
- Tiwari G. N., Solar Energy-Fundamentals, Design, Modelling and Applications, CRC Press, 2002.

# Course Contents and Lecture Schedule:

No	Topic	No. of Lectures
1	Environmental impacts of various energy resources. (7 hours)	
1.1	Introduction, Environmental Aspects Of Energy-Ecology-Greenhouse Effect-Global Warming	1
1.2	Pollution-Various Pollutants and their Harmful Effects-Green Power - The United Nations Framework Convention On Climate Change (UNFCC)	2
1.3	Environment-Economy-Energy and Sustainable development-Kyoto Protocol -Classification of Energy Resources	1
1.4	Conventional Energy Resources -Availability and their limitations	1
1.5	Non-Conventional Energy Resources -Classification, Advantages, Limitations; Comparison of Conventional and Non-Conventional Energy Resources; World Energy Scenario; Indian Energy Scenario.	2
2	Solar radiation data, solar thermal and electric systems. (7 hours)	

FLECTRICAL & FLECTRONICS ENGINEERING

2.1	Introduction, Solar Constant, Basic Sun-Earth Angles, Measurement of	NEERI 2
2.1	Solar Radiation Data(Numerical Problems)—Pyranometer and Pyrheliometer	-
2.2	Solar Thermal Collectors –General description and characteristics –Flat plate collectors –Heat transfer processes	1
2.3	Solar concentrators(Parabolic trough, Parabolic dish, Central Tower Collector)	1
2.4	Solar Photovoltaic –Solar Cell fundamentals, characteristics, classification, construction of Module, Panel and Array-Effect of shadowing	1
2.5	Maximum Power Point Tracker (MPPT) using buck-boost converter.  Solar PV Systems –stand-alone and grid connected-Design steps for a  Stand-Alone system	1
2.6	Applications –Street lighting, Domestic lighting and Solar Water pumping systems.	1
3	Wind energy and small hydro plant (6 Hours)	
3.1	Wind Energy-Introduction-Wind Turbine Types (HAWT and VAWT) and their construction	1
3.2	-Wind power curve-Betz's Law-Power from a wind turbine(Numerical Problems)	1
3.3	Wind energy conversion system(WECS) - Fixed-speed drive scheme-	1
3.4	Variable speed drive schemeEffect of wind speed and grid condition(system integration)	1
3.5	Small hydro power: Classification as micro, mini and small hydro projects -Basic concepts and types of turbines - Classification, Characteristics and Selection	2
4	Energy from ocean (7 Hours)	
4.1	Tidal Energy – Principle of Tidal Power, Components of Tidal Power Plant (TPP)	2
4.2	Classification of Tidal Power Plants, Advantages and Limitations of TPP.	1
4.3	Ocean Thermal Energy Conversion (OTEC): Principle of OTEC system, Methods of OTEC power generation	1
4.4	Open Cycle (Claude cycle), Closed Cycle (Anderson cycle)	1
4. 5	Hybrid cycle (block diagram description of OTEC)	1
4. 6	Site-selection criteria, Biofouling, Advantages & Limitations of OTEC.	1
5	Emerging technologies (9 Hours)	
5.1	Introduction, Photosynthesis process, Biomass fuels, Biomass conversion technologies	2
5.2	Urban waste to Energy Conversion, factors affecting biogas generation, types of biogas plants –KVIC and Janata model	2

5.3	Types of biogas plants –KVIC and Janata model	1
5.4	Fuel Cell, Hydrogen Energy	1
5.5	Alcohol energy and power from satellite stations.	1
5.6	Necessity Of Energy Storage-Pumped storage-Compressed air storage	1
5.7	Flywheel storage-Batteries storage-Hydrogen storage.	1

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CODE	COURSE NAME	CATEGORY	L	T	P	CREDIT
EET455	ENERGY MANAGEMENT	OEC	2	1	0	3

**Preamble:** This course introduces basic knowledge about energy management and audit. Energy management opportunities in electrical and mechanical systems are discussed. Economic analysis of different energy conservation measures is also described.

Prerequisite: Basics of Mechanical Engineering and Basics of Electrical Engineering.

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course the student will be able to

CO 1	Explain the significance and procedure for energy management and audit.
CO 2	Discuss the energy efficiency and management of electrical loads.
CO 3	Discuss the energy efficiency in boilers and furnaces.
CO 4	Explain the energy management opportunities in HVAC systems
CO 5	Compute the economic feasibility of the energy conservation measures.

# Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12
CO 1	2					1	1		2	1		1
CO 2	2	EALSIN				1	1		elle Parevotes	ine de la comp		
CO 3	2					1	-1					
CO 4	2					Est	d. 1					
CO 5	2					1	1					1

#### **Assessment Pattern**

Bloom's Category	Continuous Te	Assessment	End Semester Examination
	1	2	
Remember	25	25	50
Understand	15	15	30
Apply	10	10	20
Analyse			
Evaluate			
Create			

#### Mark distribution

Total Marks	CIE	ESE	ESE Duration
150	50	100	3 hours

## **Continuous Internal Evaluation Pattern:**

Attendance : 10 marks

Continuous Assessment Test (2 numbers) : 25 marks

Assignment/Quiz/Course project : 15 marks

End Semester Examination Pattern: There will be two parts; Part A and Part B. Part A contain 10 questions with 2 questions from each module, having 3 marks for each question. Students should answer all questions. Part B contains 2 questions from each module of which student should answer any one. Each question can have maximum 2 sub-divisions and carry 14 marks.

# **Course Level Assessment Questions**

# Course Outcome 1 (CO1):

- 1. Define energy management. (K1, PO1, PO6, PO7)
- 2. List the different phases involved in energy management planning.(K1)
- 3. State the need for energy audit. (K2, PO1, PO9, PO10, PO12)

# Course Outcome 2 (CO2)

- 1. State the different methods which can be adopted to reduce energy consumption in lighting.(K2, PO1, PO6, PO7)
- 2. Describe how energy consumption can be reduced by energy efficient motors.(K2, PO1, PO6, PO7)
- 3. Illustrate the different methods used for controlling peak demand.(K2, PO1, PO6, PO7)

#### Course Outcome 3 (CO3):

- 1. List the energy conservation opportunities in boiler.(K1, PO1)
- 2. Define Steam trapping.(K1, PO1)
- 3. Demonstrate how fuel economy measures can be done in furnaces. (K2, PO1, PO6, PO7)

#### Course Outcome 4 (CO4):

- 1. Define Coefficient of performance(K1, PO1)
- 2. Demonstrate how waste heat recovery can be done. (K2, PO1, PO6, PO7)
- 3. Describe how energy consumption can be reduced by cogeneration.(K2,PO1, PO6, PO7)

# Course Outcome 5 (CO5):

- 1. State the need for economic analysis of energy projects.(K2, PO6, PO7, PO12)
- 2. Define payback period.(K1, PO12)
- 3. Demonstrate how life cycle costing approach can be used for comparing energy projects.(K3, PO6, PO7, PO12)

Model Question Paper	
QP CODE: APJ ABUUL KALAM	PAGES: 3
Reg. No:	
Name:	

# APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY SEVENTH SEMESTER B.TECH DEGREE EXAMINATION,

MONTH & YEAR
Course Code: EET455

Course Name: ENERGY MANAGEMENT

Max. Marks: 100

Duration: 3 Hours

# PART A $(3 \times 10 = 30 \text{ Marks})$

# Answer all Questions. Each question carries 3 Marks

- Explain what do you mean by energy audit report.
- 2. Write notes on building management system.
- 3. Compare the efficacy of different light sources.
- Write notes on types of industrial loads.
- 5. Discuss any two opportunities for energy savings in steam distribution.
- 6. Explain how boiler efficiency can be assessed using direct method.
- Explain the working of a waste heat recovery system.
- 8. Write notes on computer aided energy management.
- 9. What are the advantages and disadvantages of pay back period method.
- 10. What do you mean by time value of money?

# PART B $(14 \times 5 = 70 \text{ Marks})$

# Answer any one full question from each module. Each question carries 14 Marks

# Module 1

11. a.	. With the help of case studies, explain any four energy management principles.	8
b	Explain the different phases of energy management planning.	6
12. a.	Explain in detail the different steps involved in a detailed energy audit.	7
b	. Discuss the different instruments used for energy audit.	7
	Module 2	
13. a	With the help of case studies, explain any four methods to reduce energy consumption in lighting.	8
b	Explain how energy efficient motors help in reducing energy consumption.	6
14. a	With the help of case studies, explain any four methods to reduce energy consumption in motors.	8
b	Explain the different methods used for peak demand control.	6
	Module 3	
15. a	Explain any four energy conservation opportunities in furnaces.	7
b	What is meant by a steam trap? Explain the operation of the thermostatic steam trap.	7
16. a	Discuss the different energy conservation opportunities in boilers.	7
b	Explain in detail, the reasons for low furnace efficiency.	7
	Module 4	
17. a	Explain any five energy saving opportunities in heating, ventilating and air conditioning systems.	7
b	Explain the working of different types of cogeneration systems.	7
18. a	Explain the impact of evaporator and condenser temperature on the power consumption of a refrigerator.	7
b	Explain the working of any two waste heat recovery devices.	7

# Module 5

19. a. Calculate the energy saving and payback period which can be achieved by replacing a 11 kW, existing motor with an EEM. The capital investment required for EEM is Rs. 40,000/-. Cost of energy/kWh is Rs. 5. The loading is 70% of the rated value for both motors. Efficiency of the existing motor is 81% and that of EEM is 84.7%.

8 ed e

b. Compare internal rate of return method with present value method for the selection of energy projects.

6

20. a. Explain how the average rate of return method can be used for the selection of energy projects.

6

b. Compare the following motors based on life cycle costing approach.

8

	Motor A	Motor B
Output rating	10 kW	10 kW
Conversion efficiency	80%	90%
Initial cost	Rs. 50000	Rs. 75000
Replacement life	5 yrs	20 yrs
Salvage value	Rs. 2500	Rs. 3000
Annual maintenance and overhead costs	Rs. 1000	Rs. 1000
Electricity cost	Rs. 5 j	per kWh
Operating schedule	8 hrs/day, 22	2 days/ month

2014

## **Syllabus**

# Module 1 (7 hours)

# **Energy Management - General Principles and Planning:**

General principles of energy management and energy management planning

Energy Audit: Definition, need, types and methodologies. Instruments for energy audit, Energy audit report - Power quality audit

Energy conservation in buildings: ECBC code (basic aspects), Building Management System (BMS).

#### Module 2 (8 hours)

# **Energy management in Electricity Utilization:**

Energy management opportunities in Lighting and Motors, Electrolytic Process and Electric heating.

Types of industrial loads.

Peak demand controls and methodologies

# Module 3 (8 hours)

# Energy management in boilers and furnaces:

Types of boilers, Combustion in boilers, Performances evaluation, Feed water treatment, Blow down, Energy conservation opportunities in boiler.

Properties of steam, Assessment of steam distribution losses, Steam leakages, Steam trapping, Condensate and flash steam recovery system, Identifying opportunities for energy savings.

Classification, General fuel economy measures in furnaces, Excess air, Heat Distribution, Temperature control, Draft control.

# Module 4 (6 hours)

#### **Energy management in HVAC systems:**

HVAC system: Coefficient of performance, Capacity, Factors affecting Refrigeration and Air conditioning system performance and savings opportunities.

Classification and Advantages of Waste Heat Recovery system, analysis of waste heat recovery for Energy saving opportunities

Cogeneration-Types and Schemes, Optimal operation of cogeneration plants- Case study. Computer aided energy management

#### Module 5 (6 hours)

#### **Energy Economics:**

Economic analysis methods-cash flow model, time value of money, evaluation of proposals, payback method, average rate of return method, internal rate of return method, present value method, life cycle costing approach, Case studies.

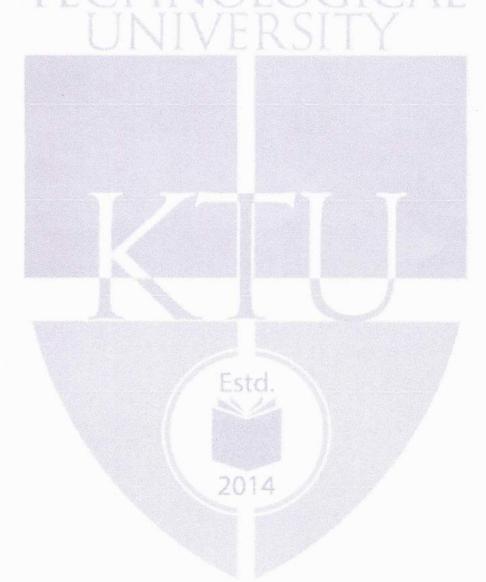
### **Text/ Reference Books**

- 1. Albert Thumann, William J. Younger, Handbook of Energy Audits, CRC Press, 2003.
- 2. Charles M. Gottschalk, Industrial energy conservation, John Wiley & Sons, 1996.
- Craig B. Smith, Energy management principles, Pergamon Press. 4. D. Yogi Goswami, Frank Kreith, Energy Management and Conservation Handbook, CRC Press, 2007
- 5. G.G. Rajan, Optimizing energy efficiencies in industry -, Tata McGraw Hill, Pub. Co., 2001.
- 6. IEEE recommended practice for energy management in industrial and commercial facilities,
- 7. IEEE std 739 1995 (Bronze book).
- 8. M Jayaraju and Premlet, Introduction to Energy Conservation and Management, Phasor Books, 2008
- 9. Paul O'Callaghan, Energy management, McGraw Hill Book Co.
- 10. Wayne C. Turner, Energy management Hand Book - The Fairmount Press, Inc., 1997.

#### **Course Contents and Lecture Schedule**

No	Topic	No. of Lectures
1	Energy Management - General Principles and Planning; Energy audit (7 hours)	
1.1	Energy management; General principles of energy management	2
1.2	Energy management planning	1
1.3	Energy audit: Definition, need, types and methodologies.	2
1.4	Instruments for energy audit, Energy audit report Power quality audit	2
2	Energy management in Electricity Utilization (8 hours)	
2.1	Energy management opportunities in Lighting.	2
2.2	Energy management opportunities in Motors.	2
2.3	Electrolytic Process and Electric heating.	2
2.4	Types of Industrial Loads. Peak Demand controls and Methodologies	2
3	Energy management in boilers and furnaces (8 hours)	
3.1	Types of boilers, Combustion in boilers, Performances evaluation, Feed water treatment, Blow down, Energy conservation opportunities in boiler.	2
3.2	Properties of steam, Assessment of steam distribution losses, Steam leakages, Steam trapping	2
3.3	Condensate and flash steam recovery system, Identifying opportunities for energy savings.	2
3.4	Classification, General fuel economy measures in furnaces, Excess air, Heat Distribution, Temperature control, Draft control, Waste heat recovery.	2
4	Energy management in HVAC systems (6 hours)	New
4.1	HVAC system: Coefficient of performance, Capacity	VI

4.2	Factors affecting Refrigeration and Air conditioning system performance and savings opportunities.	TRONICS
4.3	Classification and Advantages of Waste Heat Recovery system, analysis of waste heat recovery for Energy saving opportunities	2
4.4	Cogeneration-Types and Schemes, Optimal operation of cogeneration plants	2
5	Energy Economics (6 hours)	
5.1	Economic analysis methods	1
5.2	Cash flow model, time value of money, evaluation of proposals	1
5.3	Pay-back method, average rate of return method, internal rate of return method	2
5. 4	Present value method, life cycle costing approach, Case studies.	2



CODE	COURSE NAME	CATEGORY	L	T	P	CREDIT
MET418	RELIABILITY ENGINEERING	PEC	2	1	0	3

#### Preamble:

- 1. To induce in students an attitude towards reliability which will ensure that they lookout for steps to avoid failures to achieve success in all assignments they take up. That will help them become true engineers.
- 2. To generate in students an awareness of the importance of statistical concepts, and to make them realise that engineering is also largely statistics based.

Prerequisite: MAT 202 Probability, Statistics and Numerical Methods

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course the student will be able to:

CO 1	Explain the basic concepts of reliability, various models of reliability and failure concepts.
CO 2	Analyse mathematical models of reliability and failure modes.
CO 3	Perform the design process of reliability.
CO 4	Explain the relation between reliability, availability and maintainability.
CO 5	Explain economic aspects of reliability and Perform reliability management effectively.

# Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO	PO 12
	1		3	7	3	0	/	0	9	10	11	12
CO 1	2	2	2	2	1	1	C.					
CO 2	2	3	2	2	2							
CO 3	3	2	1	2	1						2/	lene.
CO 4	3	1	3	1	1	1					1	
CO 5	2	2	1	2	3	1				Dr	LEENA	A. V.

SREE NARAYANA GURU COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY, PAYYANDR KANNUR

#### **Assessment Pattern**

Bloom's Category		Assessment ests	End Semester Examination	
	1	2		
Remember	10	10	10	
Understand	20	20	20	
Apply	20	20	70	
Analyse			Irlt Al	
Evaluate	YETTY		The second secon	
Create	INIV	FK NI	I Y	

#### Mark distribution

Total Marks	CIE	ESE	ESE Duration	
150	50	100	3 hours	

# **Continuous Internal Evaluation Pattern:**

Attendance : 10 marks

Continuous Assessment Test (2 numbers) : 25 marks

Assignment/Quiz/Course project : 15 marks

End Semester Examination Pattern: There will be two parts; Part A and Part B. Part A contain 10 questions with 2 questions from each module, having 3 marks for each question. Students should answer all questions. Part B contains 2 questions from each module of which student should answer any one. Each question can have maximum 2 sub-divisions and carry 14 marks.

# **Course Level Assessment Questions**

# Course Outcome 1 (CO1):

- 1. Define the term reliability? Explain the reliability function.
- 2. RelateReliability and Quality.
- 3. What is component failure and system failure?
- 4. Explain Weibull distribution and Normal distribution.

# Course Outcome 2 (CO2)

1. Describe Weakest-link Technique.

- 2. Explain various mathematical models of reliability.
- 3. Explain Redundancy optimization.
- 4. Explain load sharing systems and standby system.

# Course Outcome 3 (CO3):

- 1. How quality and reliability is related?
- 2. Explain System safety and Fault Tree Analysis.
- 3. What is Tie-set and Cut-set methods?
- 4. Explain the use of Boolean Algebra in reliability analysis.

# Course Outcome 4 (CO4):

- 1. Describe repair time distribution in maintainability.
- 2. What is relationship between reliability and availability?
- 3. What is achieved availability and operational availability?
- 4. Explain Markovian models?

# Course Outcome 5 (CO5):

- 1. What are the costs considered in reliability engineering?
- 2. Describe reliability achievement cost model?
- 3. Explain reliability utility cost model.
- 4. What are the functions of reliability management groups?

# **Model Question Paper**

# APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY VIII SEMESTER BTECH DEGREE EXAMINATION MET418: RELIABILITY ENGINEERING

Maximum: 100 Marks

**Duration:3 hours** 

#### PART A

# Answer all questions, each question carries 3 marks

- 1. Define the term reliability? Explain the reliability function.
- 2. Explain the term MTTF. Also derive it with respect to reliability and CDF.
- 3. State k-out-of-m system redundancy?
- 4. What is mixed redundancy?
- 5. Explain the static model for constant strength and load?
- 6. What is a tie and cut set?
- 7. Explain inherent availability?
- 8. What is MTBF?
- 9. Discuss the economic issues of reliability.
- 10. Draw and explain reliability-cost curves of a product.

#### PART B

# Answer one full question from each module

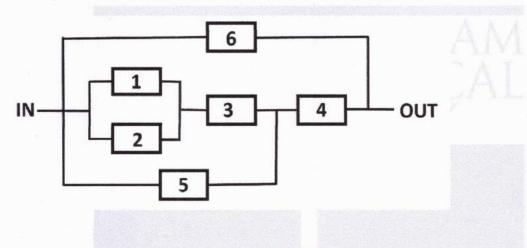
#### MODULE 1

11. a) Draw and explain Bath tub Curve.

- (4)
- b) The time to wear for a cutting tool is distributed normally with a mean of 2.8 hour and standard deviation of 0.6 hour. Find
- I. The probability that the tool will wear out in 1.5 hours
- II.Find out the reliability for 1.5 hours
- III. How often the cutting edge of the tool must be replaced in order to keep the failure less than
- 10 percentage? (10)
- 12.a) Find out the system reliability for a serial and parallel configuration with 2 components. (7)

SREE NARAYANA GURU COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY, PAYYANUI KANNI IR b) Find out the reliability of the following system with 1,2,3,4,5 and 6 as 0.85,0.90, 0.95,0.90,0.80 and 0.85 respectively. Find out the tie sets and cut sets





#### **MODULE 2**

# 13. a) Compare unit vs Component Redundancy with sketches

(6)

(6)

b) Given a budget of Rs 700 and the following data on three components that must operate in series. Determine, using marginal analysis, the optimum number of redundant units. Compute the achieved reliability. (8)

Components	Reliability	Unit Cost (In rupees)
1	0.80	200
2	0.90	100
3	0.95	75

- 14. a) Find out the reliability using markov analysis for load sharing units?
  - b) A manufacturing company operates two production lines when both lines are operating, the production rate on each line is 500 units per hour. At this production rate the failure rate of line 1 is 3 failures per 8-hr day (CFR) and the failure rate of line 2 is 2 failures per 8-hr day. When one line fails, the production rate of the second line must be increased in order to make production quotas. At the increased rate of 800 units per hour, the failure rate of line 1 is 6 per 8 hr day and the failure rate of line is 3 per 8-hr day. Find the reliability and the MTTF and the reliability of the production system over a 1 hr and over an 8 hr production run. (8)



#### **MODULE 3**

15. a) With a block diagram explain the reliability design process.

(5)

b) A system consists of three components in series having the following parameters. The reliability goal is 0.90 for the system. Do the reliability allocation.

(9)

Components	Reliability	Unit Cost (In rupees)
1 11	0.85	25
2	0.80	20
3	0.90	40

16.a) Explain the steps in FMECA.

(6)

b) In the context of fault tree analysis, explain the meaning of each of the following: an 'AND' gate, an 'OR' gate, a priority 'AND' gate, 'top' event, a 'basic' event, an 'undeveloped' event. In each of the case, sketch the conversional symbol used and give a practical example. (8)

#### **MODULE 4**

- 17. a) Compute markov analysis of availability model for two component stand by system. (6)
- b) A generator system consist of primary and a standby unit. The primary fails at a constant rate of 2 per month, and the stand by system fails only when online at a constant rate of 4 per month. Repair can begin only when both units have failed. Both units are repaired at the same time with an MTTR of 20 days. Derive the steady state equations for the state probabilities and solve for the system availability. (8)
- 18. a) What is inspection and repair availability model? Explain a case for it. (6)
- b) Determine the upper bound for each of the following aircraft subsystems MTTRs if a system availability goal of 0.95 is desired. Assume the repair restores the subsystem to as good as new and each system has the same availability. (8)

Subsystem	Time Between failures	Parameters
Propulsion	Weibull	θ =1000, β=1.7
Avionics	Exponential	λ=0.003
Structures	Weibull	$\theta = 2000, \beta = 2.1$
Electrical	Weibull	$\theta = 870, \beta = 1.8$
Environmental	Exponential	λ=0.001

#### **MODULE 5**

19. Explain reliability achievement cost model

(7)

20. Explain Reliability management by objectives

(7)

## **SYLLABUS**

#### Module - I

Reliability concepts: Definition of reliability, Reliability vs. Quality, Reliability function, MTTF, hazard rate function, bathtub curve, derivation of the reliability function, Failure and Failure modes, Causes of Failures and Unreliability. Reliability Models: constant failure rate model ,time dependent failure models. Weibull distribution, Normal distribution, log normal distribution. Serial configuration, parallel configuration, combined series parallel systems, K-out-of-m systems.

#### Module - II

Redundancy Techniques in System design: Component vs Unit redundancy, Weakest-link Technique, Mixed redundancy, Standby redundancy, Redundancy optimization, Double failures and Redundancy. Markov analysis, load sharing systems, standby system, degraded systems, three state devices, covariate models.

## Module - III

Reliability design process, system effectiveness, economic analysis and life cycle cost, Reliability allocation, optimal allocations, ARINC, AGREE methods. System safety and Fault Tree Analysis, Tie-set and Cut-set methods, Use of Boolean Algebra in reliability analysis.

#### Module - IV

Maintainability and Availability: Definitions and basic concepts, Relationship between reliability, availability and maintainability, Inherent availability, Achieved availability, Operational availability, Repairable systems, Markovian models. Reliability Allocation: for series system.

#### Module - V

Economics of Reliability: Economic issues, Manufacturers cost, Customers cost, reliability achievement cost models, reliability utility cost models, depreciation cost models, availability cost model for parallel systems. Reliability management, Reliability management by objectives

#### Text books:

- 1. Balagurusamy E., Reliability Engineering, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 2. Srinath L. S., Reliability Engineering, East West Press.
- 3. Charles E. Ebeling, Reliability and Maintainability Engineering, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 4. Patrick D. T. O'Connor, Practical Reliability Engineering, John

#### Reference Books:

- 1. E.E. Lewis, Introduction to Reliability Engineering, JW.
- 2. NVR Naidu, et al, Total Quality Management, New Age International Publishers.
- 3. J.M. Juran and Frank M. Gryna, Quality Planning and Analysis, Tata McGraw Hill.

#### **Course Contents and Lecture Schedule:**

No	Topic	No. of Lectures			
1.1	Definition of reliability, Reliability vs. Quality, Reliability function, MTTF,hazard rate function, bathtub curve, derivation of the reliability function	2			
1.2	Failure and Failure modes, Causes of Failures and Unreliability	2			
1.3	Reliability Models: constant failure rate model, time dependent failure models.				
1.4	Weibull distribution, Normal distribution, lognormal distribution.				
1.5	Serial configuration, parallel configuration, combined series parallel systems, K-out-of-m systems.	1			
2.1	Redundancy Techniques in System design: Component vs Unit redundancy, Weakest-link Technique,	3			
2.2	Mixed redundancy, Standby redundancy, Redundancy optimization Double failures and Redundancy.	3			
2.3	Markov analysis, load sharing systems, standby system	1			
3.1	Reliability design process, system effectiveness, economic analysis and life cycle cost	2			
3.2	Reliability allocation, optimal allocations	1			
3.3	ARINC, AGREE methods	1			
3.4	System safety and Fault Tree Analysis, Tie-set and Cut-set methods	2			
3.5	Use of Boolean Algebra in reliability analysis.	XIL			
4.1	Maintainability and Availability: Definitions and basic concepts, Relationship between reliability, availability and maintainability	ENA A. V.			

4.2	Inherent availability, Achieved availability, Operational availability	2
4.3	Operational availability, Repairable systems, Markovian models	2
4.4	Reliability Allocation: for series system.	1
5.1	Economics of Reliability: Economic issues, Manufacturers cost, Customers cost, reliability achievement cost models	3
5.2	reliability utility cost models, depreciation cost models, availability cost model for parallel systems	3
5.3	Reliability management, Reliability management by objectives	1

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